

Collection of Floating Material by Bandlog Litter Trap

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Abstract

The water pollution trouble, water covers over 70% of the Earth's surface. It's miles a very essential resource for humans and the surroundings. Water pollution influences drinking water, rivers, lakes, oceans and agriculture all around the global. In lots of growing international locations, it also includes a main purpose of demise, of humans with the aid of consuming polluted water resources and it's have an effect on aquatic lifestyles too. The current design guidelines of this paper provides various information with regard to the definition of gross pollutants and litter traps therefore the scope of this paper will make a bridge between these knowledge gaps and will address the issues: identification of the various types of devices currently available, with performance achievements, benefits and limitations outlined carry out a literature review of design factors, methodologies low glide and excessive go with the flow bypass structures for diverse gadgets litter booms are floatation systems with suspended curtains that may be used to comprise floating trash. Litter booms have a five to seven-year lifespan earlier than they are deteriorated by way of ultraviolet light, or are torn by captured debris. The prime objective is to develop a suitable mechanism for garbage trap on river.

Keywords:, Bandlog, demise, Litter trap, litterboom

1. Introduction

The most litter booms are mounted with the boom attached to factors on the alternative side of the channel with enough slack to permit the boom to shape a semicircle. Booms are positioned downstream of one or extra outfalls, preferably in slow transferring commercial pollutants has been and remains a primary aspect causing the degradation of the environment around us, affecting the water we use, the air we breathe and the soil we live on. But of those, the pollution of water is arguably the maximum serious hazard to current human welfare. Water is polluted not best through industries but also by families. Each industries and family wastewater include chemicals and organic rely that impose excessive demands on the oxygen found in water. Polluted water consequently contains low tiers of dissolved oxygen as a end result of the heavy biological oxygen demand (BOD) and chemical oxygen demand (COD) positioned by means of commercial and family waste materials discharged into water bodies and water systems, both above and



below the earth's surface. In addition to low levels of dissolved oxygen in water, industrial wastes (effluents) also contain chemicals and metals that are directly harmful to human health and the ecosystem. The supply of water through river valley projects and ground water extraction thus has repercussions for the health and safety of people. Apart from health effects, which indirectly affect human productivity, polluted water also affects land productivity.

2. Literature Review

B. Franz [1] In lots of growing countries, multiple population boom, city enlargement in flood undeniable regions, growing intake, inadequate strong waste series and environmental control guidelines lead to dumping of strong waste into canals and rivers and onto its banks, which correspond to the 'floating muddle'. In Brazil, this happens in particular in metropolitan areas, like in the megacity of Rio de Janeiro, placed within the southeast of the USA. The nation Environmental Institute, in an try to restriction the improvement of floating clutter in the coastal zones, established limitations across the mouth of contributory rivers, classified 'eco-obstacles'. In this situation take a look at he check out the technology and effect of floating litter on canal and rivers.

NellArmitage[2] A large amount of city muddle is locating its manner into the drainage structures to grow to be an a capability fitness threat. Despite eyesore and the fact that a good deal effort hasbeen expended on the improvement of trapping devices, most of the traps currently mounted are extremel y useless attrappingandstoring urban litter. There been thus a urgent want for abodily version observe into has the layout of litter traps. such a observe changed into completed in the hydraulic laboratories at the colleges of Cape city and Stellenbosch. It inreality showed why most designs fail, and certainly recognized the usa geof declined screens as an method thatholds great promisefor the future. The findings broadly concur with the effects of a similar model look at that was these days achieved in Australia.

Mohd Nashruddin Mohd Shah [3]- The river became increasingly contaminated over the years and within the wake of fast development within the town. The motive of this paper is to invent and provide a trash collector for mini hydro this is easily detachable in order that the trashes accrued may be without problems disposed of layout of the trash trap need to be like minded with current movement structures. Trash lure ought to save you any trash and particles from passing through the mini hydro. Fieldwork turned into done at the flow river to research the encompassing and circulate shape. The statistics amassed had been mass of trash amassed with diverter and with out diverter a complete of 10.0 kg of trashes had been accrued. The performance of the trash lure became calculated through the share of the common mass of diverted trashes by using the overall mass of trapped trashes. The targeted efficiency for this trash entice undertaking is 70% based totally on the data accumulated, trash entice is 84%. the performance of this The focused efficiency became achieved and layout improvement of this trash trap might be discussed at the recommendation. In conclusion, the trash lure had been validated as a capability solution for the mini



hydro system trouble, diverts and forestalls maximum of the trashes from getting into the mini hydro and blocked the turbine from rotating.

Gary R. Hopkins [4]- Water and water problems have always stirred human feelings as we are all related to water. whether it's miles a flowing river or the oceans into which it flows, easy and trash-loose water is vital to our lives. It turned into Jacques Cousteau who once proclaimed that "water and air, the two maximum vital fluids, on which all lifestyles relies upon, The fantastic Pacific garbage Patch become brought to the arena's attention by way of Captain Charles Moore in 1997, after he observed large islands of floating plastic waste even as returning to southern California from Hawaii. through the years, Captain Moore, together with the Algalita Marine research foundation and limitless different clinical groups, have determined there are presently 5 gyres or patches of anthropogenic marine particles in the world's oceans: one in the Indian Ocean.

3. Need of Study

After the case we find that the floating material and any material such as dead animal, laves are collected effectively, about two tone material are collected weekly. The plastic bottles and recyclable material are separated. Our waterways, rivers, creeks and lakes are an important environmental resource and keeping them clean and healthy is a vital task, especially when they lead to our bays and oceans. That where Bandalong and our range of Litter Traps and Boom Systems provide the ideal solution for controlling and removing litter from our waterways.

4. Objective of Study

- a. The prime objective is to developed a suitable mechanism for garbage trap on river.
- b. To find out the most effective way to help or create a more stable environment.
- c. Increase the capacity of residents and stockholders to improve care it and promote their local environment.
- d. Reclaim vacant and neglected lands for conservation, recreation, and economic development.

5. Methodology

- a. Search the lake as water Resourse.
- b. Lake is having different types of litter traps.
- c. Prepare model of collection of floating material.
- d. Installation this model on site.
- e. Collect the litter in water by using bandlog litter trap.
- f. Discussion.
- g. Conclusion



6. Result and Discussion

The primary purpose of this study was to examine and determine the effectiveness of the bandlog litter traps. Earlier research suggests that there are benefits of working on the study of bandlog litter traps so that the solid waste can be collected more in more proper ways and the water pollution due to solid waste can be control.

Our results revealed the significance of the economical method of collection of floating material, in addition with it different strategies to make it more and more effective and as we all know we want to get rid of litter and especially plastic which is one the main causes of pollution in every aspect.

This method is about trapping a litter that has landed in stream of river. Heavier floating debris may have a draft of 20 cm. considering the upper part of water therefore is sufficient in determining a method of capturing floating litters. The litter traps can be designed in different shape and size and there capacities may varies with their shapes and size.



Fig. 1 Litter trap in river

7. Conclusion

They are designed to capture only the floatable portion of gross solids loading, which might be a very low fraction of the total loading. Smaller mesh sizes could impede capacity of the storm drain system if not designed properly. Nets which break away could reintroduce trash into the water body if not designed properly. Booms are relatively expensive and all debris is directed via collection booms through a patented one way flap or gate to capture floating litter.



After the study of this project we observed that,

- Estimation cost is to less of this model
- Anyone can be purchase or made easily.
- Design is too simple than other methods.
- > Can be transported easily anywhere.
- > It is very economical over all the other methods adopted.

8. Acknowledgement

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