Automated Face Recognition Attendance System with PyQt5 GUI

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ABSTRACT

Efficient attendance control is essential for businesses and institutions, however traditional techniques be afflicted by time-consuming manual methods and mistakes. To address those demanding situations, we present an "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" software developed with PyQt5. The system cutting-edge State of the art face recognition algorithms, such as face recognition and OpenCV, to automatically identify and record people as they enter designated regions. through streamlining the attendance method and eliminating physical touch, the software saves time and decreases administrative burdens. PyQt5 integration guarantees a user pleasant interface, allowing seamless interaction. The system additionally capabilities a sturdy MySQL powered database control module, making sure facts integrity and facilitating efficient attendance report storage and retrieval. via significant testing, we demonstrate the system's reliability, accuracy, and performance gains, making it an ability game changer for attendance monitoring in academic institutions, offices, and occasions. This research gives a modern and efficient solution, revolutionizing attendance management with face recognition technology and a user friendly PyQt5 interface, thereby improving productiveness across numerous sectors.

Keywords: Open Computer vision (OpenCV), Face recognition, PyQt5, MySQL

1. INTRODUCTION

In modern rapid-paced and technology-driven world, attendance management performs a pivotal role in the smooth functioning of numerous organizations, institutions, and events. retaining correct and well-timed statistics of attendance is crucial for making sure right workflow, compliance with guidelines, and tracking person participation. Traditional attendance tracking strategies, which include guide sign-in sheets or card-based structures, have long been related to inefficiencies, mistakes, and a huge administrative burden, these previous strategies often result in time wastage and might bring about faulty attendance data, compromising the overall performance of an enterprise. To conquer these demanding situations and bring in a brand-new era of attendance control, we present a modern and automatic "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" utility. This research endeavours to leverage the strength of face recognition technology combined with the ability and user friendliness of PyQt5, a Python library for building graphical user interfaces.

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2. LITERATURE REVIEW

Student Attendance System Based on Face Recognition - Similar work was done by Xuexiao Chen, in the 2023 6th International Conference on Intelligent Manufacturing and Automation (IMA 2023) 13/01/2023 - 15/01/2023 Guangzhou, China [1]. The attendance system developed in this project leverages the strength of face recognition technology and the PyQt5 framework to create an efficient and user-friendly solution for handling attendance data. The device targets to automate the traditional attendance method, eliminating the need for manual attendance taking and reducing human mistakes. Through the utilization of face recognition algorithms, the device can accurately identify individuals based on their facial features. by evaluating the captured facial 3 picture with the stored face templates in the database, no clarity about face templates is not stored in Database server but the device can decide the identification of the man or woman in real-time. If sample face templates are saved on the client side, then anyone who has the same technical knowledge those can modify manually and marking the proxy attendance.

3. DESIGN METHODOLOGY

3.1 Requirement analysis.

Detailed necessities have been accumulated thru consultations with stakeholders, along with corporations, institutions, and potential users. functional and non-functional necessities have been documented to outline the software's functions, overall performance, safety, and user experience.

3.2 System Design.

A complete system structure was designed, outlining the numerous components, their interactions, and data flow. user interface mock-ups had been created the usage of PyQt5, making sure an intuitive and user-friendly layout.

3.3 Face Recognition Integration.

Cutting edge face recognition libraries like face recognition and OpenCV had been incorporated into the software. Algorithms for face detection, feature encoding, and recognition have been employed to acquire high accuracy.

3.4 User Registration Module.

The module became developed to capture person information and facial pictures, making use of the camera and preprocessing strategies. Face embeddings have been generated and securely saved inside the MySQL database along with person data.

3.5 Database system Implementation.

A MySQL database was designed and implemented to keep person profiles, attendance information, and related metadata. data integrity, safety, and scalability have been prioritized to make sure dependable and efficient data management.

3.6 Attendance Tracking Workflow.



The workflow for real-time attendance monitoring was devised, incorporating digital camera activation, face recognition, and data storage. automated strategies minimized delays and mistakes, enhancing performance.

3.7 User Interface Development.

The PyQt5 framework was applied to create an intuitive and visually attractive user interface. UI elements for login, dashboard, attendance recording, and user management were designed and integrated.

3.8 Testing and Validation.

Rigorous testing scenarios were devised to evaluate the system's accuracy, efficiency, and user friendliness. real world testing involving numerous lighting situations and angles ensured sturdy overall performance.

3.9 Deployment and User Training.

The application was deployed in applicable environments, and users have been provided with training on its functionalities. remarks became gathered to finetune the application and deal with any user issues.

3.10. Documentation and Reporting.

complete documentation become organized, consisting of user manuals, technical specs, and device structure information. an in-depth document outlining the technique, implementation, and validation was compiled.

4. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

4.1 User Interface Design

Creating an intuitive and user-friendly interface is a basic side of our "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" application. The user interface (UI) design is developed using the PyQt5 library, guaranteeing a flawless interaction between the user and the attendance system. The UI design focuses on simplicity and functionality, permitting users to effortlessly navigate through the attendance management process. crucial design principles include:

4.2 Login and Authentication:



Fig. 1: This figure illustrates the "Login and Authentication" component, which serves as the initial point of interaction between users and the "Face Recognition" application.



4.3 User Registration.

The "User Registration" module is an essential element of the "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" utility, facilitating the systematic enrolment of individuals into the system. This method involves accumulating important user details, which include their name, e-mail, and password together with taking pictures their facial images for next recognition. that information is then securely saved within the database, setting up a comprehensive user profile.



Fig. 2: This figure illustrates the "User Registration" component, a seamless process that enrols individuals into the "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" application.

1. User Details Input: Users initiate the registration technique by way of presenting their name, e mail and password address thru the software's intuitive interface.

2. Face Image Capture: The module turns on the digital camera to capture a high-resolution facial photograph of the user. It captures one photograph from a particular angle, optimizing the dataset for correct and reliable facial recognition.

3. Database Storage: The user's name, e-mail and password associated face embeddings are securely stored within the application's MySQL database. This database serves as a repository for future recognition comparisons.

4.4 Attendance Recording.

The employee will have to click on the "clock in" button when they arrive at the workplace. The app will then capture their image using the camera system and use facial recognition technology to verify their identity and record their attendance automatically. Similarly, when the employee leaves the workplace, they will need to click on the "clock out" button, and the app will record their attendance accordingly.







4.5 Database System.

The software guarantees the comfortable storage of employee data and attendance facts within a sturdy and dependable database system. Engineered to manage significant data volumes, the database supports real-time attendance monitoring. moreover, the system functions an "export to PDF" option, permitting users and administrators to generate attendance data in PDF format, enhancing accessibility and usability.



Fig. 4: This figure illustrates the pivotal role of the "Database System" in guaranteeing data reliability, security, and accessibility, driving the "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" application's adept management and analysis of attendance information.

5. Results and Discussions

This project assembles using dib's accurate face recognition built with deep learning. The model has an accuracy of 99.38% on the Labeled Faces [2]. This system is very fast for capturing the images and identifying human faces. If the not registered person comes for attendance to this system, model get easily understanding of this person is not registered to system and display in cv2 frame "unknown".

1. Accuracy and Reliability: The accuracy and reliability of the "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" software play a pivotal role in its successful implementation as an advanced attendance control solution. at some point of our testing and validation processes, numerous key observations emerged, shedding light on the system's overall performance in real-world scenarios.

2. Accuracy: The integration of state-of-the-art recognition algorithms, combined with real-time feedback, yielded a commendable level of accuracy in individual identification. In managed environments with optimal lighting situations, the system consistently demonstrated accurate recognition rates above 90%. This extremely good accuracy not only surpassed manual techniques however also instilled confidence within the technology's potential to revolutionize attendance monitoring

3. Challenges and Environmental Factors: however, it is essential to acknowledge that sure challenges influence accuracy. In much less controlled environments, consisting of areas with poor lights or angles that hinder facial visibility, the accuracy rate experienced a marginal reduction. Partial occlusions, modifications in facial look (e.g.,



wearing glasses or mask), and variations in facial expressions introduced additional complexities.

4. Reliability: Reliability, an important factor of any attendance control device, turned into extensively addressed by means of our software's real-time capture and recognition mechanisms. In instances where a successful recognition was performed, the system always registered and recorded attendance without fail. This real-time method removed the need for manual intervention, decreasing administrative mistakes and ensuring reliable attendance data.

5. User Experience Impact: User feedback provided valuable insights into the reliability component. end users appreciated the system's ability to rapidly capture attendance without disrupting their movement or activities. This seamless integration into their routine validated the application's reliability and user-friendliness.

6. Future Enhancements: While the cutting-edge accuracy and reliability rates are promising, ongoing enhancements could similarly increase system performance. non-stop updates to algorithms, improved preprocessing strategies, and the incorporation of artificial intelligence for adaptive recognition may want to mitigate the demanding situations faced in various environmental situations, ultimately boosting accuracy and reliability. In summary, the "Attendance using Face recognition" software exhibited commendable accuracy and reliability in managed environments, with ability for in addition enhancement. Its real-time recognition and attendance capture approaches contribute to reliable data, albeit with acknowledged challenges in certain situations. The achieved accuracy, coupled with user satisfaction, positions the software as a viable opportunity to conventional attendance monitoring techniques, laying the groundwork for future advancements in biometric identification technology.

6. Conclusions

In conclusion, the "Automated Face Recognition Attendance System" utility, evolved with the integration of cutting-edge technology and intuitive design, offers a transformative way to the challenges of attendance management. The seamless amalgamation of face recognition technology through the PyQt5 framework empowers organizations and institutions with an effective tool for efficient and accurate attendance monitoring. Throughout this paper, we have demonstrated the robustness and reliability of our system. The "Attendance Recording " component showcased how advanced algorithms can rapidly and accurately identify individuals, contributing to dependable attendance records. The "User Registration" module highlighted the convenience of onboarding customers at the same time as securely storing their information and facial data. The significance of the "Database system" became evident as it orchestrated the secure storage and management of attendance data and user information, enhancing facts integrity and accessibility. furthermore, the "Attendance Recording" element illustrated the real-time capture and identity of attendees, streamlining the entire process. Our innovative solution addresses the constraints of traditional attendance methods, offering real-time accuracy, efficiency, and enhanced protection. via leveraging face recognition technology and user-friendly interface, our software removes manual errors, saves administrative time, and fosters a more effective environment.

7. Future Work



The integration of Firebase Authentication and Cloud-based Database for user authentication in the "Attendance using Face recognition" software opens more than a few interesting possibilities. even as the current implementation demonstrates a sturdy authentication mechanism, future enhancements may want to leverage the capabilities of Firebase and cloud-based databases to elevate security, scalability, and user experience.

1. Enhanced Security Measures: Utilize Firebase Authentication's multi-factor authentication (MFA) [3] options, such as SMS verification or email confirmation, to add an additional layer of security to user logins. This guarantees that best authorized individuals can get entry to the software, further fortifying data safety.

2. Real-time Syncing and Data Integrity: Leverage Firebase's real-time database [4] synchronization to make sure that user profiles and attendance records are updated without delay throughout devices. This guarantees data integrity and consistency, permitting users and administrators to always get entry to the latest information.

3. Scalability and Performance: The cloud-based nature of Firebase and cloud databases inherently help scalability. future work should discover optimizing database queries and indexing for quicker data retrieval, especially as the software's user base grows.

4. Cross-Platform Compatibility: Extend the application's reach by leveraging Firebase's compatibility with multiple platforms, including web, iOS, and Android. This allows users to access the application seamlessly across different devices.

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