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APPLICATION OF SOFT COMPUTING ALGORITHM FOR THE FERTIGATION OF HORTICULTURE CROPS

Nirosha S¹, Prof. R.Srinivasan²

¹PG Scholar, ²Professor and Head, Department of Information Technology, P.S.V College of Engg. & Tech., Krishnagiri, (India)

ABSTRACT

This paper reduces the soil pollutions and health effects in precision agriculture by introducing soft computing algorithm. Using the fuzzy based rule is used to provide the correct quantities of fertilizers (NPK) Nitrogen (N), Phosphorous (P) and Potassium (K) to the horticultural crops to improve the productivity. The proposed fuzzy system, will recommend the needed fertilizers (NPK) to accomplish best crop production. Effective application of the correct quantities of fertilizers (NPK) is an important portion of achieving cost-effective yields. This fuzzy system will be useful in two ways, Firstly receiving money-making crop is one main objective keeping in mind by applying fertilizers (NPK) in an effective manner without overdosing. Secondly applying ineffective fertilizers (NPK) to crop may affect yield of crop and soil respectively. So the earnings prospective for farmers depend on producing better yield per acre to keep production costs below the export price.

Keywords: Wireless Sensor Network, Fuzzy Based Rule.

I INTRODUCTION

Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs) have attracted much attention in recent years. The potential applications of WSNs are immense. They are used for collecting, storing and sharing sensed data. WSNs have been used for various applications including habitat monitoring, agriculture, nuclear reactor control, security and tactical surveillance.

Over the years there has been lot of research in area of agriculture. Lately we came to explore importance of soil, which was very important for agriculture Soil plays very key role for growth of plants and crop. Soil as medium for growth has come under lot of stress due to availability of land and demand of food and fiber. Plants mine soil for 13 nutrients and out of which 3 primary nutrients required are Nitrogen (N), Phosphorous (P) and Potassium (K). With increasing in mining this has resulted in increase in depletion of essential nutrients from soil which can be fulfilled by applying fertilizers.

Moreover Fertilizer application is required to replace crop land nutrients that have been consumed by previous plant growth. One way to redeem deficiency of essential nutrients for soil is application of fertilizers to soil. These fertilizer however if applied in adequately can cause huge concern for environment which are discussed below. So our initiative is to provide such a system which will provide exact recommendation of fertilizers for a crop. The three main components of fertilizer that are required for soil are nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P) and Potassium (K).

The WSN system developed in this paper is for use in precision agriculture applications, where control the fertilizer for horticultureplants using fuzzy expert system. Gather the Sensed NPK (Nitrogen (N), Phosphorus (P), and Potassium (K)) level from the soil and compare with actual data to recommend the needed level of fertilizer. The architecture of a WSN system comprises of a set of sensor nodes and a base station that communicate with each other and gather local information to make global decisions about the physical environment.

II. FUZZY EXPERT SYSTEM

Over the years various expert systems have been developed some of them like an expert system for weed control decision making in sunflower, Integrated Pest Management System using Fuzzy Expert System, CALEX Cotton: an integrated expert system for cotton production and management etc. Architecture of Fuzzy expert system architecture is shown in Fig. 1.

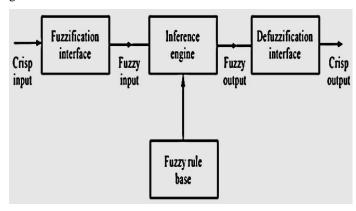


Figure 1: Fuzzy Expert System Architecture

Here in this research a fuzzy based expert will be developed for fertilizer optimization with following implementation steps.

2.1 Soil test

For this purpose firstly soil test is done by taking samples of soil in 250 Grams each from four corners and from extreme middle coordinate of field, further mixing together and taking 250 Grams. Further this sample is lab tested to know present levels of NPK in soil. After soil test being implemented, we can use a proposed Fuzzy Based Expert System to get optimize values of NPK fertilizers.

2.2. Fuzzy based expert system for fertilizer

Expert system is computer program that basically stimulates decision making power of human expert. In expert system there two parts knowledge base where facts and figure are recorded and secondly inherence system which uses knowledge base, to come to new facts from users query given at input. The block diagram of Fuzzy Expert system developed is illustrated in Fig 2. The mamdani system of fuzzy is being used for this application. The mamdani inherence system is useful when applying fuzzy logic to control of system[9]. The expert system is given crisp value as input i.e. fuzzification via membership functions, rule base, rule evaluation, aggregation and

defuzzification for purpose of creating the crisp values at output. Here three input variables are taken i.e. present levels of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium level in soil. The need of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium levels were defined as output variables.

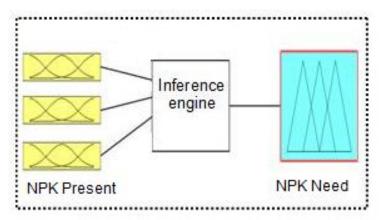


Figure2: Fuzzy based Fertilizer Expert system

The range of input and output variables were selected by examining data. The universe disclosure were taken as for input nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium i.e. (0-1 Kg/Ha), (0-50 Kg/Ha) and (0-100 Kg/Ha) taken respectively. Similarly at output needed levels of nitrogen, phosphorous and potassium that were taken are (0-130 Kg/Ha), (0-100 Kg/Ha) and (0-50 Kg/Ha) respectively. The interrelation between inputs and outputs, both are crisp values, is made by linguistic transformation of input membership functions, implication and aggregation using the rule base, and defuzzification of the linguistic output to values representing need of amount of each fertilizer.

2.2.1MembershipFunctions

The membership functions that are adopted either trapezoidal or triangular membership accordingly needed. The rules are formulated here using MATLAB fuzzy tool, a simple Mamdani system which is very useful when applying fuzzy logic to control of system. There are three input variables taken nitrogen, phosphorous, potassium present already in soil which are partitioned into three, four and two sets respectively each.

Table I: Depicting levels of NPK fertilizer found in soil test and corresponding recommended levels of NPK fertilizer

*N – Nitrogen, P – Phosphorous, K – Potassium, L – Low, H High, M –Medium, VH –Very High

INPUT VARIABLES (NPK PRESENT IN SOIL)			OUTPUT VARIABLES (NPK LEVEL NEEDED)		
N	P	K	N	P	K
L	L	L	Н	VH	Н
L	L	H	H	VH	L
L	M	L	Н	Н	Н
L	M	H	H	H	L
L	H	L	H	M	H
L	H	H	Н	M	L
L	VH	L	H	L	H
L	VH	H	Н	L	L
M	L	L	M	VH	H
M	L	H	M	VH	L
M	M	L	M	H	H
M	M	H	M	H	L
M	H	L	M	M	H
M	H	H	M	M	L
M	VH	L	M	L	H
M	VH	H	M	L	L
H	L	L	L	VH	H
H	L	H	L	VH	L
H	M	L	L	Н	H
H	M	H	L	Н	L
H	H	L	L	M	H
H	Н	H	L	M	L
H	VH	L	L	L	H
H	VH	Н	L	L	L

2.2.2 Fuzzy rules used

The 24 basic fuzzy rules are taken to describe very useful relations between the three inputs of NPK present in soil and three outputs of NPK needed in soil. Here below few of them given in following

- 1. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is Low) and (Potassium is Low) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is Very high needed) (Potassium is High needed)
- 2. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is Low) and (Potassium is High) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is Very high needed) (Potassium is Low needed)
- 3. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is Medium) and (Potassium is Low) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is High needed) (Potassium is High needed)
- 4. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is Medium) and (Potassium is High) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is High needed) (Potassium is Low needed)

- 5. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is High) and (Potassium is Low) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is Medium needed) (Potassium is High needed)
- 6. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is High) and (Potassium is High) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is Medium needed) (Potassium is Low needed)
- 7. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is Very High) and (Potassium is Low) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is Low needed) (Potassium is High needed)
- 8. If (Nitrogen is Low) and (Phosphorous is Very High) and (Potassium is High) then (Nitrogen is High needed) (Phosphorous is Low needed) (Potassium is Low needed)
- 9. If (Nitrogen is Medium) and (Phosphorous is Low) and (Potassium is Low) then (Nitrogen is Medium needed) (Phosphorous is Very High needed) (Potassium is High needed)
- 10. If (Nitrogen is Medium) and (Phosphorous is Low) and (Potassium is High) then (Nitrogen is Medium needed) (Phosphorous is Very High needed) (Potassium is Low needed)
- 11. If (Nitrogen is Medium) and (Phosphorous Medium) and (Potassium is Low) then (Nitrogen is Medium needed) (Phosphorous is High needed) (Potassium is High needed)

III. RESULTS

The results were taken for various levels of NPK values found during soil test and correspondingly required levels of NPK were calculated using Fuzzy Based Expert system. Following are some of input levels of NPK present that were taken, recommendation levels for NPK needed were calculated and are shown in TABLE II.

NPK PRESENT IN SOIL NPK NEED IN SOIL (Kg/Ha) (Kg/Ha) N P \mathbf{K} Ν K 0.5 25 50 100 50 35 0.9 41 88 45 22 10 0.1 2.6 10 120 83 35

Table II: Depicting testing of Expert system

The Software result is here demonstrated in Table I, depicting when levels N,P,K in soil are found to be 0.5Kg/Ha, 25 Kg/Ha and 50 Kg/Ha correspondingly values of needed levels came out to be 100 Kg/Ha, 50 Kg/Ha and 35 Kg/Ha for N,P& K.

IV. CONCLUSION

This paper helped us a lot to get the needed Fertilizer for horticulture crops using Fuzzy System with programming in Dot Net. A Fuzzy Based system for fertilizer optimization is being developed and proposed where in are able to calculate that values of NPK fertilizers needed in soil for horticulture crop, knowing levels of NPK levels present in soil. Applying precise and almost exact amount of NPK fertilizers needed in soil accordingly into crop would help

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farmers to reap the maximum returns from his crop, while reducing his fertilizer costs. Reducing fertilizers intake accordingly will reduce fertilizers intake. And would prevent over fertilization which damages crop yield and make soil degraded. Overall benefit it prevents hazard effects that are caused to environment.

V. FUTURE ENHANCEMENT

The methods used in the wireless sensor technology with Fuzzy System have advanced a lot over the farmers, especially with the production area. Even though the techniques are still not used very often in India, the options are never-ending. Several different methods exist and continue to be developed, while the ways of optimize the intelligent systems algorithm also advance quickly.

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