Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



# CONTROL OF WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM

Venkata Ramana Guntreddi<sup>1</sup>, Dr. Anupama A. Deshpande<sup>2</sup>

1 Ph.D Scholor, Dept. of EEE, JJTU, INDIA 2 Professor, Dept. of ECE, JJTU, INDIA

#### **ABSTRACT**

Out of all manageable power sources, wind essentialness and sun controlled imperativeness are tried and true essentialness sources. By days, Wind control is getting a lot of essentialness. The key drawback of wind control age system is eroticisms of the availability of wind. There is a necessity for a controller which will coordinate each one of the parameters that ought to be controlled for an organized undertaking of the wind turbine. In this work the logical exhibiting of wind imperativeness change structure with sequential converters and framework Converter is done. The control systems like Vector Control (VC), Direct Torque Control (DTC) and Direct Power Control (DPC) are associated with control cross section related wind turbine driven selection generators to control the power yield concerning different objectives of Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT), responsive power control, and dynamic power control. The utilization of Fuzzy justification and Neural controllers in controlling diagram of wind control age system is researched in this investigation work.

**Keywords:** WECS, Vector Control (VC), Direct Torque Control (DTC), Direct Power Control (DPC), Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT)

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Renewable Energy Sources are Playing a important role in the world. The utilization of sustainable Pr source requires innovations that outfit characteristic wonder, for example, daytime, W, Liquid stream, waves, and organic events, for example, natural hydrogen generation an aerobic assimilation, and geothermal warmth. As before mention wellsprings of Pr there has been a ton of improvement in the novelty for tackling vitality from the W. The worldwide electrical energy utilization is rising step by step and there is relentless increment of the request on control age. In this way, eclectic energy source speculation is ending up more critical now days. W control is utilized as a part of

substantial scale twist ranches for national electrical matrix and additionally in little individual turbines for giving Pr to country habitations or network segregated areas. The architects of little turbines (up to around fourty KW) push straightforwardness above many-sided quality also those machines are intended to practically zero support.

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



#### 2. LITERATURE SURVEY

[K.Sekar and V.Duraisamy, 2014]. This paper proposes Fuzzy Logic Controller based Effective Energy Management Controller to screen the Pr from all benefits and load ask for dependably and to control whole cross breed control system. Feathery method of reasoning controller makes exact assurance of sources in right arranging. Cushioned Logic Maximum Pr Point Tracking is proposed. It gives nonstop Pr, convincing utilization of sources, improves life time of battery and restricted utilization of diesel.

[AMEUR and Fathima et al, 2014] they researches Fuzzy Logic Controller Based on an Indirect V<sup>†</sup> Control of Dual Ŝ Induction Gen (DSIG) in W Energy Conversion System. In initial step a field-situated control of a DSIG is exhibited. In second step, keeping in mind the end goal to guarantee an ideal working point and a Maximum Pr Point Track (MPPT) giving on the web a most extreme creation of electric Pr for various WNs, a traditional PI and afterward a fluffy PI N controllers have been utilized. Reproduction comes about show unmistakably the viability and the execution of the recommended fluffy rationale controller.

[N.Tkouti and A. Moussi, 2015] paper exhibits a fluffy rationale controller (FLC) utilized as a most maximumPr point tracker (MPPT) of a line commutated inverter in a photovoltaic (PV) framework associated framework, under factor irradiance conditions. Reproduction comes about demonstrate the predominant following proficiency of the fluffy controller enhanced under factor parameters.

[Aman Abdulla Tanvir et al ,2015] clarified the demonstrating, quick control prototyping, and equipment on top of it testing for continuous reproduction and control of a lattice associated doubly sustained enlistment gen (DFIG) in a research facility measure WT emulator for W vitality discussion frameworks. The test comes about because of the research facility scale setup are introduced to affirm the hypothetical examination of the control framework and its application in W vitality transformation frameworks.

[ M Padma Lalitha et al ,2015 ] A dynamic Solid oxide control gadget is facilitated with Double sustained Induction Gen (DFIG), as a result of their changeable nature of W essentialness. This paper displays a diversion of SOFC vitality unit consolidated with a doubly urged acknowledgment Gen to keep up organize 'V' relentless 440 V and 50 Hz. Existing written work used PI controller based V<sup>+</sup> control technique for the control of DFIG. In this work, cushy basis controller is proposed to reduce signify consonant twisting in system 'I'.

[ Pratap Alok et al , 2015 ] Due to the augmentation of infiltration level of W control age, O/p control variance is a standout amongst the most vital issue's that can destabilize the Pr framework operation. This article for the most part manages the smoothing of the O/p control vacillations of a W vitality transformation framework based perpetual magnet synsGen and blame ride-through upgrade amid a matrix blame. The concerned W vitality change framework based perpetual magnet synsGen embraces an AC-DC-AC © framework. The proposed control technique restrains the W vitality change framework O/p control by modifying the pitch edge of the W turbine edges when WN is over the evaluated WN.

**[Ketan T. Kadivar , 2016]** This paper presents use of fluffy rationale controller for shunt dynamic Pr channel to enhance control quality in the appropriation frameworks. The primary component of fluffy rationale controller does not require any complex scientific model of the frameworks to manage dc transport capacitor

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



'V'. The transient reaction of proposed fluffy controller is observed to be superior to regular PI controller. He analyzes the execution of fluffy rationale controller with customary PI controller. Fluffy rationale controlled shunt dynamic Pr channel is compelling for sounds and receptive Pr pay. The transient reaction of fluffy rationale controller is superior to PI controller. The outcome got in relentless state, are tantamount with PI controller.

[Zafer Civelek et al, 2016] he exhibited an investigation on the control of the pitch point of the W turbine sharp edges. As fluffy rationale control technique is favored. O/p control is balanced out by controlling the pitch point of the W turbine edge. They were likewise capable streamlined braking at high WNs. Fluffy rationale control strategy is chosen as the reason; Fuzzy control is autonomous of changes in framework parametersO/p control is kept up steady an incentive inside specific breaking points. Along these lines Gen shielded from the upper incentive on appraised O/pPr and gave to work longer time by securely. It has additionally turned out to be more steady vitality provided to the network. We lean toward the fluffy controller due to fluffy is great adjustment against to changes in framework. In this way, changes may happen amid the time the framework parameters won't influence the execution of the control framework. What's more, the fluffy controller repay to control challenges that as indicated by nonlinear framework.

**[E. Chamanehpour et al,2017]** presents investigation, 16 data layer comprising of: WN, temperature, elevation, slant, towns, towns, primary and auxiliary courses, airplane terminal, secured regions, arrive utilize, waterways, wells, springs and reservoir conduits, tremor quickening and blames was considered as the essential basic leadership criteria. Considering the figurings of the present examination, from the aggregate contextual analysis territory, 3.3% in AHP strategy and 4.5% in Fuzzy technique could utilize W vitalitythe WN in these territories settles in great condition (more than 6 meters for each second).

[Sayed .M said et al, 2018] This paper famend the impact of W control age shape (WEGS) and superconducting attracting importance securing (SMES) in upgrading the voltage profile for three establishment unequal behind calendar appropriation machine for twenty-4 hours. Fixed N squirrel-tie acknowledgment generator (SCIG) type with a settled at  $\hat{S}$  terminal to enhance the amazing stage is related as a bit of this canvases as WEGS. SMES DC-DC chopper is managed delicate strategy for pondering controller to represent the vitality transmitted among SMES and the machine perspective. FLC is shocking down for SMES dealt with to position away/dispatch genuine high gauge from/to the flow oversee structure.

## 3. MATHEMATICAL MODELLING

WECS block diagram is given away in Fig. 3.1. The most importantworkings in WECS are

- WT
- SCIG
- ©on® side
- Grid side ©

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



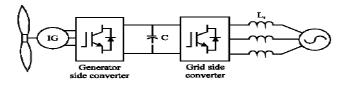


Fig.3.1 Block Diagram of WECS with Squirrel Cage Induction Gen

W Turbine is going about as a high mover for Gen. The \$\hat{S}\$ of SCIG is associated with the device through returned to back ©s. The SCIG is managed in light of a V\* manipulate method to decouple dynamic and open energy. the rule of thumb cognizance of the grid facet © is to preserve the DC interface 'V' level steady freed from the energy flow within the ® facet. To gain this handiness, a V\* controlled inverter is utilized, whilst the essential recognition of the Gen or ® facet © is to keep the ®N near the correct W imperativeness get point on the WT trademark through controlling dynamic and 'Q' streams at the \$\hat{S}\$. The numerical situations and S-link fashions of each part is cleared up on this vicinity. The electric Gen modifications mechanical imperativeness commencing the WT into electric essentialness. The gen can be syns or peculiar. The reimbursing unit may consolidate control element change gadgets (dynamic or inert) and channels.

#### Mathematical eqns of W turbine

The mechanical torq  $(T_m)$  and mechanical Pr  $(P_m)$  produced by W turbine are given by eqn (3.1) and eqn (3.2) respectively.

$$T_{\rm m} = \frac{1}{2} C_{\rm t}(\lambda, \beta) \in \pi R_{\rm r}^3 V_{\rm w}^2$$
 (3.1)

$$P_{m} = \frac{1}{2} C_{p}(\lambda, \beta) \in \pi R_{r}^{2} V_{w}^{2}$$
 (3.2)

Where Tm is the mech torq created by twist turbine in N-m, Pm is the mechanical Pr created by twist turbine in wats, sharp edge pitch edge  $\beta$  as indicated by condition (3.3).

$$Cp(\lambda, \beta) = 0.73 \left(\frac{151}{1i} - 0.58\beta - 0.002\beta^{2.14} - 13.2\right) e^{\frac{-18.4}{\lambda i}}$$
 (3.3)

Where 
$$\lambda_i = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\lambda - 0.02\beta} - \frac{0.003}{\beta^2 + 1}}$$
 (3.4)

And 
$$\lambda = \frac{\omega_r R_r}{V_w}$$
 (3.5)

$$C_{t}(\lambda, \beta) = \frac{C_{p(\lambda, \beta)}}{\lambda}$$
 (3.6)

In eqn (3.5),  $\omega_r$  be angular rate of the shaft of the turbine. The hypothetical limit for  $C_p$  is 0.58.Eqn 3.2 is to be normalised to transfer into p.u method, that is revealed in eqn 3.7.

$$P_{m_pu} = K_p c_{p_pu} v_{w_pu}^3$$
 (3.7)

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



Where  $k_{p \le}$ unity

Fig. 3.2 shows The characteristics of the  $\lambda$ -C,  $C_p$  has highestassessment of  $(C_{p,max}=0.482)$  got for  $\beta=0$  degree & for  $\lambda=8.1$ . This pickyrate of  $\lambda$  is distinct as the supposedrate of  $\lambda$   $(\lambda_{nom})$ .

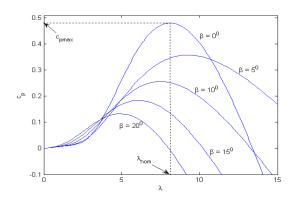


Fig. 3.2 λ- C<sub>p</sub> Characteristics

### Pr Control (Optimum)

The best possible Prin  $\hat{S}$  be able to obtained by using the eqn (3.8) and is given in the Fig. 3.3

$$P_{s,opt} = \frac{P_{opt}}{(1-s)}$$
 (3.8)

at the moment the best possible \$Pr curve is given away in Fig. 3.3.

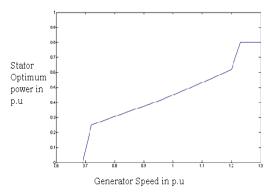


Fig.3.3. ŜPr Curve (Optimum)

## **Pitch Angle Control**

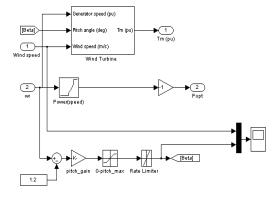


Fig. 3.4. Pitch Angle Control and Optimum PrControlS-link Model for W Turbine

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



On behalf of grater W velocities, the strength captured by way of prime mover need to be restricted by means of making use of pitch attitude control whole WT system with pitch perspective manages and choicest electricity manipulate is explained in the Fig. 3.4.

The electrical piece of the enlistment Gen is spoken to by methods for a fourth-arrange state space show, that is developed the use of the synsly pivoting reference body (dq-outline), where the d-hub is orientated along the  $\hat{S}$ -transition  $V^*$  part. 'V' conditions of the enlistment Gen are given

$$V_{ds} = R_s i_{ds} - \omega_s \psi_{qs} + \frac{d\psi_{ds}}{dt}$$
 (3.9)

$$V_{qs} = R_s i_{qs} - \omega_s \psi_{ds} + \frac{d\psi_{qs}}{dt}$$
 (3.10)

$$V_{dr} = R_r i_{dr} - (\omega_s - \omega_r) \psi_{qr} + \frac{d\psi_{dr}}{dt}$$
 (3.11)

$$V_{qr} = R_r i_{qr} + (\omega_r - \omega_s) \psi_{dr} + \frac{d\psi_{qr}}{dt}$$
 (3.12)

in case of squirrel cage induction Gen, ®Wing is short circuited i.e  $V_{dr}$  and  $V_{qr}$  values will be considered as zero. The flux eqns of the induction Gen are given in eqns (3.13 to (3.16).

$$\psi_{ds} = L_s I_{ds} + L_m I_{dr} \tag{3.13}$$

$$\psi_{qs} = L_s I_{qs} + L_m I_{qr} \tag{3.14}$$

$$\psi_{dr} = L_m I_{ds} + L_r I_{dr} \tag{3.15}$$

$$\psi_{qr} = L_m I_{qs} + L_r I_{qr} \qquad (3.16)$$

Where  $L_m$ ,  $L_r$ ,  $L_s$  and be the mutual, & &  $\hat{S}$  inductances, correspondingly. Since the flux eqns (3.13)–(3.16), the Ieqns can be obtained which are shown in eqns (3.17) to (3.20).

$$I_{ds} = \frac{1}{\sigma L_s} \psi_{ds} - \frac{L_m}{\sigma L_s L_r} \psi_{dr}$$
 (3.17)

$$I_{qs} = \frac{1}{\sigma L_s} \psi_{qs} - \frac{L_m}{\sigma L_s L_r} \psi_{qr} \qquad (3.18)$$

$$I_{dr} = \frac{-L_m}{\sigma L_s L_r} \psi_{ds} + \frac{1}{\sigma L_r} \psi_{dr}$$
 (3.19)

$$I_{qr} = \frac{-L_m}{\sigma L_r L_r} \psi_{qs} + \frac{1}{\sigma L_r} \psi_{qr} \qquad (3.20)$$

where  $\sigma = 1 - \frac{L_m^2}{L_s L_r}$  is the coefficient of leakage. Taking the fluxes as SV's and substitute the Ieqns (3.17)–(3.20) into the 'V'eqns (3.9)–(3.12), the £ part of the induction Gen in SS form can be obtained as in eqns (3.21)-(3.24).

$$\psi_{ds} = -\frac{R_s}{\sigma L_s} \psi_{ds} + \omega_s \psi_{qs} + \frac{R_s L_m}{\sigma L_s L_r} \psi_{dr}$$
(3.21)

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020

www.ijarse.com

$$\frac{d}{dt}\psi_{qs} = -\frac{R_s}{\sigma L_r}\psi_{qs} - \omega_s\psi_{ds} + \frac{R_sL_m}{\sigma L_rL_r}\psi_{qr} + V_{qs}$$
(3.22)

$$\frac{d}{dt}\psi_{dr} = -\frac{R_r}{\sigma L_r}\psi_{dr} + (\omega_s - \omega_r)\psi_{qr} + \frac{R_r L_m}{\sigma L_s L_r}\psi_{ds} + V_{dr}$$
 (3.23)

$$\frac{d}{dt}\psi_{qr} = -\frac{R_r}{\sigma L_r}\psi_{dr} - (\omega_s - \omega_r)\psi_{dr} + \frac{R_r L_m}{\sigma L_z L_r}\psi_{qs} + V_{qr}$$
 (3.24)

Ignoring the Pr losses related with the  $\hat{S}$  &  $\mathbb{R}$  resistances, the Real &reactive prand  $\hat{S}$ pr's are specified by eqns (3.25) to (3.28).

$$-V_{ds}I_{ds} - V_{qs}I_{qs} = P_s$$
 (3.25)

$$-V_{qs}I_{ds} + V_{ds}I_{qs} = Q_s$$
 (3.26)

$$-V_{dr}I_{dr} - V_{qr}I_{qr} = P_r$$
 (3.27)

$$-V_{qr}I_{dr} + V_{dr}I_{qr} = Q_{r}$$
 (3.28)

And the wholeReal & Reactive pr's of the induction Gen are specified in eqns (3.29) to (3.30).

$$P_s + P_r = P \tag{3.29}$$

$$Q_s + Q_r = Q \tag{3.30}$$

the induction Gen is given by in eqn (3.31).

$$J_{\frac{d\omega_r}{dt}} = T_m - T_e - C_f \omega_r \qquad (3.31)$$

Where  $C_f$  is the friction coefficient,  $T_m$  is the mechanical torq produced by the W turbine, and  $T_e$  is the electromagnetic torq produced by the Gen and its expression is given by eqn (3.32).

$$T_e = \psi_{qs} I_{ds} - \psi_{ds} I_{qs} \qquad (3.32)$$

Where negative (positive) values indicate the induction machine acts as a motor (Gen).

#### 4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

In this chapter, simulation of W energy transformation framework with consecutive ©s is accomplished in MATLAB-S-link and execution of the system is contemplated via undertaking comes about. S-link fashions of every phase are clarified on this segment.

#### **Simulation**

S-linkplan of WECS with consecutive ©s is exposed in Diagram. 4.1.

The most important parts in S-link diagram given below,

- WT(W turbine)
- SCIG(Squirrel- cage induction Gen)
- RSC(® side ©)
- GSC(Grid side ©)

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



WT goes about as a high mover for acceptance creator

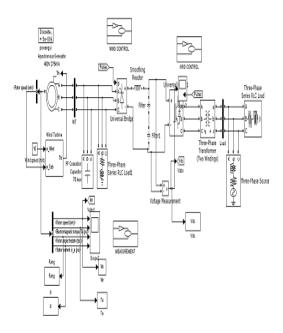


Fig. 4.1 S-linkplan of WECS

### **Results of Simulation**

The taken into consideration W rate at various time moments t=0, 0.05, .1 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3, 0.35, 0.4 and 0.45 sec are 0, eight,12, 15, 20, 10, 14, 6,18 and 14 m/s one at a time. the rate of reputation creator is as regarded in Fig. 4.2. therate is transferring as of one p.u to at least one 0.08 p.u.

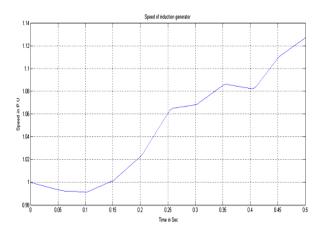


Fig. 4.2 Rate of I G (N)

The twisting moment of force progressed by the Gen (Gen) is demonstrated in Fig. 4.3, also found that best in class torq is -ve.

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



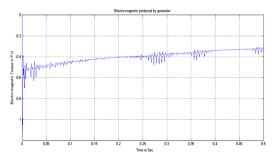


Fig. 4.3 Torq Produced by Gen

I<sub>s</sub> in phase 'A' of the Gen is given away in Fig.4.4.

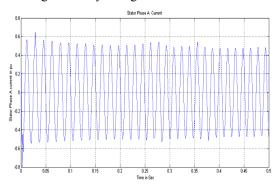


Fig.  $4.4.I_s$  in Phase 'A' of the Gen

The difference of dc link 'V' is given away in Fig. 4.5. The Direct 'I' link

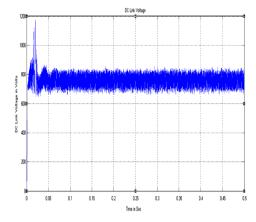


Fig. 4.5 'V' of DC Link

V is stored up consistent at seven hundred Volts. The GSC trade energy with the AC supply preserving in mind the cease intention to preserve up the DC 'V' consistent at seven hundred Volts. The  ${\mathbb R}$  aspect  ${\mathbb C}$  takes Pr from the  ${\mathbb R}$  to the DC interface capacitor, along those strains charging the capacitor, following a given strength reference. because the lattice facet  ${\mathbb C}$  maintain up a regular dc'V', the  ${\mathbb R}$  aspect  ${\mathbb C}$  in a roundabout way controls the flow of energy to the road.

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com



The 'V's of ® side ©through filter is given away in Fig. 4.6.

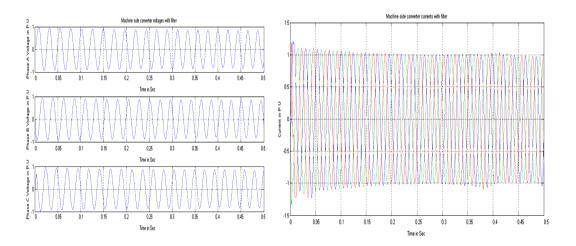


Fig. 4.6. 'V's of © on ® Side through Filter

Fig. 4.7. ©'I's on ® Side by means of Filter

The C'I's on R side through filter is revealed in Fig. 4.7.

#### **5.CONCLUSION**

A Wind energy conversion system with a MC is projected. MC interface the SCIG by means of the group that exchanges the complete energy created through the W turbine to the network In like manner, MC controls the terminal 'V' and repeat of the acknowledgment Gen, in mild of a relentless V/f tool, to modify the turbine shaft N, and as requirements be, adapt to the real energy implanted into the machine to track first-rate vitality in any regard WNs.

DPC gives each one of the advantages of every normal modern-day controller and development controller using a major manipulate computation. The controllers used by the DPC are snappy acting from now on they are reasonable for surprising gadget and W aggravations. The DPC uses just a solitary PI controller to manage DFIG seemed in another way in terms of 5 PI controllers this is required for the regular controller and no much less than seven PI controllers for the gathering controller, along these strains making it simple to establishment and direct.

Vol. No.9, Issue No. 08, August 2020 www.ijarse.com

## IJARSE ISSN 2319 - 8354

#### **REFERENCES**

- Roberto Cárdenas, Rubén Peña, , Germán Tobar, Jon Clare, Patrick Wheeler, and Greg Asher, "Stability Analysis of a W Energy Conversion System Based on a Doubly Fed Induction Gen Fed by a Matrix ©,"IEEE Transactions On Industrial Electronics, Vol. 56, No. 10, pp. 4194-4206, October 2009.
- 2. Yong Liu, Lingzhi Yi, Xiaoyun Zhao, "Control of Brushless Doubly-fed Machine for WPr Generation Based on Two-stage matrix ©,"IEEE 2009.
- 3. S.Zhang, K.J.Tseng, and T.D.Nguyen, "WRIG based W Conversion System Excited by Matrix © with 'I' Control Strategy,"ICSET, pp.203–208, 2008,
- 4. S. F. Pinto, L. Aparicio, P. Esteves, "Direct Controlled Matrix ©s in Variable NW Energy Generation Systems," IEEE PrENG 2007, pp.654-659, April 12-14, 2007.
- 5. Yijun Wang, Rui Chen, JunminTan and MeiSu, "An Optimal PID Control of W Generation based on Matrix ©," IPEMC, pp.1104-1109, 2009.
- 6. S. Zhang and K.J. Tseng, "Modeling, Simulation and Analysis of Conducted Common-Mode EMI in Matrix ©s for W Turbine Gens," IEEE, pp.2516-2523, 2008.
- 7. S. M. Barakati, M. Kazerani, and X. Chen, "A New W Turbine Generation System Based on Matrix ©," IEEE, pp.1-7, 2005.
- 8. S.M.Barakati, M. Kazerani, J.D. Aplevich, "A Mechanical N-Sensorless Maximum Pr Tracking Control for a W Turbine System Including a Matrix ©," IEEE, pp.1–8, 2008.
- 9. Roberto Cárdenas, Rubén Peña, Patrick Wheeler, Jon Clare, and Greg Asher, "Control of the Pr Supplied by a WECS Based on an Induction Gen Fed by a Matrix ©," IEEE Trans. Ind. Electronics, vol.56, no-2, pp. 429–438, Feb-2009.
- S. Zhang, K.J. Tseng, and T.D.Nguyen, "Modeling of AC-AC Matrix © for W Energy Conversion System," ICIEA, pp.184–191, 2009.
- 11. Majid Pahlevaninezhad, Alireza Safaee, Suzan Eren, Alireza Bakhshai, Praveen Jain, "Adaptive Nonlinear Maximum Pr Point Tracker for a WECS Based on Permanent Magnet SynsGen Fed by a Matrix ©, "IEEE, pp. 2578-2583, 2009.