

VEHICULAR CLOUD SYSTEM

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ABSTRACT

Vehicular Cloud System joins a couple of parameters, for instance, enrolling power, data accumulating and web arrange over the distinctive customers. Vehicular cloud framework (VCS) has wide alteration and it has security, insurance and social impact furthermore occurs in VCS. There are numerous amounts of troubles, for instance, security and assurance challenges in Vehicular Computing. From this time forward, guideline objective for VCS is to find security challenges and adaptability in VCS. Data spread thought is used as a piece of VCS. Prefetching of vehicular data is passed on to cloud (site page) with the help of some IR sensors given to that particular vehicle. It has steadily checking and data securing and invigorating it at progressing using web page. Offer security to condition in like manner focusing wonder in VCS. The structure wears down Global Positioning System (GPS) and furthermore at Global System for Mobile communication (GSM). The proposed structure would put inside the vehicle whose position is to be settled on the site page ceaselessly. Ethernet module is used for web arrange. Data bringing is done through site page which is just cloud. Coding is done with the help of Arduino. Proposed system gives more strong results about prefetching of data augment in VCS.

Keywords: VCS, GPS, GSM

I. INTRODUCTION

We comprehend that driver's consumption driving and vehicle thievery movement which causes social reliable issue like setbacks and different more hazard conditions. Perpetually watch or read such kind of exercises which are raising the issue of our assurance and security in both open and private districts. Accordingly there is a need of steady watching vehicle besides securing and resuscitating its database of all conditions. In the metropolitan achieves, human help is really troublesome in giving the database of took after vehicle.

In the arranged structure, the framework gives a completely robotized checking of the vehicle which solid for an open vehicle. It in like way gives correct landing time of the vehicle at specific area or stop. In this way utilizing accuracy in time acquired. Keeping in mind the end goal to decrease human endeavors and sparing of riches, here the structure gives clear strategy the assistance of Global Positioning System (GPS).

The proposed structure gets data of the vehicle like, extend, Date, Time and store into the database. The structure in like way gives thriving system the assistance of sensors such as level sensor and IR sensor. We can do voyager number utilizing vehicle cloud structure through sensors talked about later and fuel level estimation in addition done. It will show up nearby page.

For checking vehicle utilizing GPS and keep its database, which best in class fuse. In the database base watching and restoring part, the GPS module is utilized which transmit the animated vehicle database to the server, for example, cloud and client get to the database utilizing site page. That demonstrates the advancing

vehicle zone in site page what's more. Along these lines, we will be able to energetically screen a moving vehicle on request and pick the run of the mill segment.

Information finishing is in like way utilizing cloud server. Fuel level in that specific vehicle and voyager check is in like way indicate adjacent page. What's all the more prefetching of information dispersing is obtained utilizing site page.

II. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

I. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Motivation:

In a decade ago, we watch the driver's exhaustion driving and vehicle burglary movement which causes social ongoing issue like mischance and numerous more dangers conditions. We every day see or read such sort of exercises which are bringing up the issue of our wellbeing and security in both open and private areas. So there is a need of ongoing checking and following the vehicle additionally putting away and refreshing its database of specific circumstances. In the urban ranges, human help is to some degree troublesome in giving the database of followed vehicle [2].

In the proposed framework, the framework gives a completely computerized observing of the vehicle which supportive for school transport, their proprietors, and human wellbeing and furthermore it gives precise entry time of the vehicle at specific area or stop. Furthermore, thus utilizing precision in time framework can compute the correct traveler tally in the transport. Investing less energy sitting tight for a transport enhances agreeable and successful time administration of open also.

Keeping in mind the end goal to diminish labor and sparing of cash, here the framework gives simple observing arrangement utilizing Arduino Board. The framework can likewise get data of the specific vehicle like vehicle number (Unique ID), area, speed, Date, Time and store into the database of specific vehicle which is utilized for getting the data utilizing framework. The framework likewise gives wellbeing component the assistance of fuel level sensor. Thus on account of decline in fuel level in vehicle because of a few reasons will gives the thought regarding it on website page called as cloud framework.

For finding the vehicle area utilizing GPS and keep up its database, utilizing Arduino programming and equipment the framework will run superbly. In the database base checking and refreshing component, the Ethernet module is utilized which transmit the refreshed vehicle database to the server and client get to the database utilizing page, for example, cloud framework. That demonstrates the continuous vehicle area on the page. Along these lines, clients will have the capacity to consistently screen a moving vehicle on request utilizing GPS framework and furthermore distinguish the fuel level of vehicle and additionally traveler check application is utilized with the assistance of IR level sensors [2].

1.2 Relevance

The information dispersal look into for VANETs is condensed into the two classifications of V2V and V2I/I2V correspondences. The information dispersal inquire about for V2V correspondences concentrates on the most proficient method to accomplish solid and opportune information conveyance among portable vehicles on streets over discontinuously associated remote connections. The information pouring calculation with crossing point buffering was proposed [1].

The vehicles at crossing points keep the information sent by the source hub in their supports and over and over rebroadcast it to different vehicles passing the convergence. The course data of vehicles, which is promptly accessible through the Global Positioning System (GPS)- empowered route framework in the vehicles, is utilized for mitigating divert clog in information scattering by choosing proper steering ways.

Estimation consider for vehicles under various driving conditions was completed. Here foundation based information spread that uses the direction of the vehicles for which the parcels with a defer requirement are predetermined. As a vehicle is moving along a foreordained course way, one of the hand-off hubs on the way is powerfully chosen as the goal for each asked for information parcel with the end goal that the bundle conveyance delay is limited while fulfilling the parcel gathering likelihood necessity.

The dispersed numerous reserve/stockpiling gadgets store a specific measure of substance to facilitate the administration reaction and to lessen the activity add up to be downloaded from the focal information server. Be that as it may, there are altogether testing issues that should be settled for information dispersal in vehicular system conditions, as takes after.

- Most Web storing/intermediary techniques concentrate on boosting the hit rate of individual intermediary servers for certain substance ask for measurements. The VCS is planned with the end goal that it ensures that vehicular endorsers get the information benefit effectively design slightest one roadside AP while they go by numerous APs amid their voyaging time.

- Web reserving/intermediary techniques are generally outlined under the presumption that intermediary servers give administrations to their clients through a solid connection without noteworthy loss of information. In our VCS, the vehicular endorsers speak with roadside remote APs through an untrustworthy remote connection. It is expected that the network is discontinuously accessible, and its dissemination is stochastically obscure ahead of time. The stochastic attributes of remote availability ought to be contemplated for solid dispersal administrations.

Indeed, different existing Web reserving/intermediary strategies could be connected for improving the dispersal execution in vehicular system conditions on the grounds that VCS can be considered as a portable Web reserving strategy that directions circulated roadside stockpiles with arrange availability in a vehicular system condition.

1.3 Challenges in VCS

This area displays a few vital open issues and research challenges and research headings for fruitful VCC arrangement and usage [5]. Because of the dynamic condition of figuring, detecting, conveying, and sorting out structures empower self-sufficiency and expert to adapt to the nearby surroundings that have a broad impact. Vehicular mists are mind boggling elements that must be built and intended to work with the working condition and the characteristic anxieties. A VC's physical asset, synchronization, control and total are look into challenges, which are portrayed underneath.

1. To keeping up steering tables are troublesome

There are following things are incorporated into this specific test;

- High versatility
- Dynamic topology
- Receiver is priori obscure

2. Versatility

It gives following parameters specifically;

- High thickness
- Large scale

Security plans for VCS must be versatile to deal with a progressively changing number of vehicles. Security plans must deal with standard movement as well as extraordinary activity also, e.g., the expansive volume of activity caused by exceptional occasions (e.g., football games, aviation expos, and so on.) The flow of movement produces dynamic requests on security. For instance, envision a downtown territory with a few grocery stores and stores that take orders from vehicles in activity, finish with Visa data. To ensure charge card data, exhaustive cryptographic calculations must be connected. Be that as it may, the exhaustive calculations diminish the productivity of correspondence reaction time. In this way, better calculations and, maybe, less far reaching security conspire are expected to accelerate the reaction time.

3. Single-User Interface

Single-client get to interface is another test to VCs. At the point when the quantity of administration gets to in a cloud expands, the quantity of VMs (Virtual Machine) that give the administration will increment to ensure nature of administration. More VMs will be made and allocated. With the expansion in VMs, security concerns develop too. At the point when the quantity of administration gets to diminishes, the quantity of VMs that give the administration will lessening to enhance asset usage. Some VMs will be annihilated and reused. These techniques are straightforward to vehicles. Vehicles just observe one access interface and don't have to know the changing of VMs. To accomplish adaptability, a basic arrangement is to clone and grow the administration in an alternate cloud. In any case, a solitary interface clearly makes adaptability much more troublesome.

4. Building development of VC

Difficulties incorporate issues in regards to the arrangement of the intelligent structure of the VC and connections with physical assets. Thus the intense need of dealing with the portability of the host and heterogeneity ought to be considered for processing, correspondence and storerooms, and vehicle affiliations, for example, changes in intrigue or area, asset disappointment, and disavowal. In this manner, we need to consider the accompanying angles:

- Flexible versatile design: One of the fundamental qualities of VC is the portability of the hubs which specifically influences on the accessible computational abilities and capacity assets, for instance, the quantity of stopped vehicles in the stopping is not consistent. In this manner, to give fluctuating application prerequisites and asset openness moving, the essential related convention engineering and VC organizing must be produced.
- Robust engineering: The major building pieces and structures that create VC ought to be built and intended to confront the basic worry of the unsteady working circumstance. Olariu, Hristov (2013) was the first to propose a hearty dynamic design for VC in light of Eucalyptus cloud framework (Nurmi, Wolski, 2009) and virtualization way to deal with total the computational and capacity assets.

5. Protection and security of VC

Security and protection are essential viewpoints for the building up and keeping up the trust of clients in VC. Protection measures are required to guarantee the VC correspondence and data in the detached and dependable condition, while security strategies are expected to ensure against organize dangers. Building up trust

connections between a few members is an imperative piece of dependable correspondence and calculation.

1.4 System Objectives:

1. Continuously tracking and monitoring of vehicle at real time using GPS/GSM.
2. Storing and updating the real time database of the vehicle such as fuel level, passenger count and location information of vehicle.
3. Provide protection environment as well as human being.

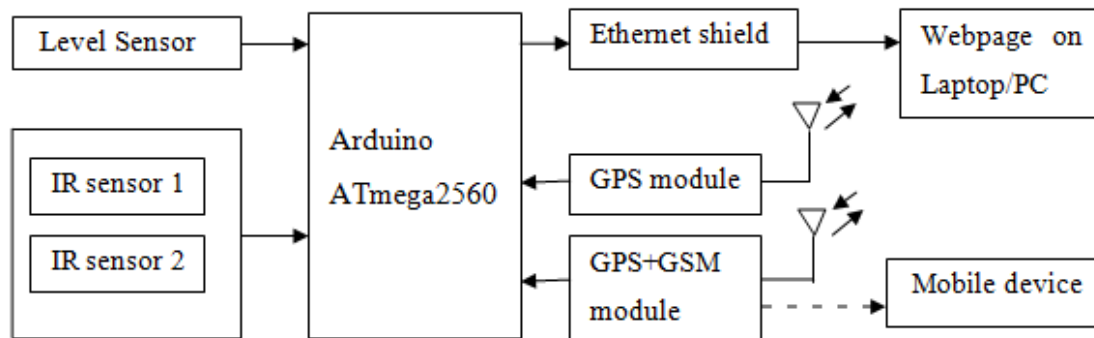


Fig.1.System Block Diagram of Vehicular Cloud System.

III. SYSTEM PARAMETERS

The proposed system has parameters given:

1. Accuracy
2. Sensitivity
3. Active parameters like temp., humidity etc

3.1 GPS:

The gadget is identified with GPS module. Its fundamental objective is to discover the area for that specific vehicle utilizing PDA reference framework or the GPS. Its measurements are because of the utilization this module coordinate the GPS recipient. The SIM908 a current set up by SIMCOM item which is utilized as a part of GPS framework.



Fig.2.Cellular Board

The SIM908 is set on the board by a male connector of 20 pins which have two lines of 10 sticks each and step 2 mm. The dynamic parts of the connectors are given as takes after:

- Power supply, in that VCC on pins 17 and 19;
- Serial correspondence lines to and from GSM module (TXD and RXD);

- Power on control line (ON/OFF);
- Ring Indicator.
- Ground (GND) provides for pins 18 and 20;

3.2.Level Sensor:

The level sensor is utilized to discover level of fuel in vehicle .We can discover liquid like fluid or fluid fuel. The level of fuel estimation can be in persistent way and refreshing the information on page for fuel level data shows on it. There is some kind of sensors utilized for measuring the qualities for vehicle.

The sensors, for example, level sensor are considered to precisely recognize fuel level in fuel tank in that specific vehicle. It will be any kind of fuel like petroleum, diesel and biodiesel and so forth. These sensors are of awesome significance to the car business in helping them to vehicular cloud framework through checking the fuel level and refreshing it at the same time. Thus it can improve economy for people and furthermore offers security to condition.

Regardless of whether fuel level vacant or full measured constantly and shows on website page and gives precise yield until framework is running.

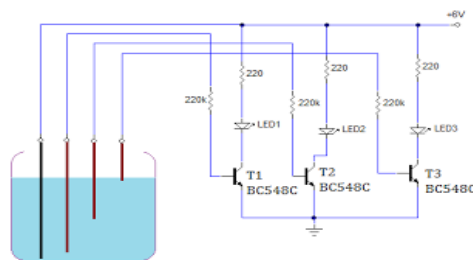


Fig.3 Fuel level indicator

3.3. IR sensor:

It is utilized to include the traveler that specific vehicle. In transport or vehicle we don't have thought regarding what number of people groups in transport or what number of individuals needs to abandon it that tallying will be shown on webpage.IR sensor is utilized for detecting reason for traveler tally.



Fig.4 IR Sensor

3.4. ARDUINO MEGA 2560 board:

This is only microcontroller board which is identified with the ATmega2560 and It has 54 computerized I/O sticks in which 15 can be utilized as PWM yields and 16 simple contributions to 4 UARTs which is equipment serial ports and furthermore oscillator likewise there. The USB association is incorporated into it and it will incorporate a power jack and in addition a reset catches. It contains everything which is essential to interface

The USB link is utilized to associate the entire framework with connector having Ac to DC or can be associated it with battery likewise .subsequently the arduino board will be act legitimately.

Microcontroller used	<u>ATmega2560</u>
Recommended voltage	7V-12V
Operating Voltage for system	5V
Input Voltage for system required	6V-20V
I/O Pins (digital) used	54 pins which provide 15 PWM output
DC Current per I/O Pin	20mA
Input pins(analog)	16 input pins
DC Current for pins having 3.3V	50 mA
Flash Memory for system	256 KB of which 8 KB used by boot loader in it
SRAM value and EEPROM value	8 KB and 4 KB

3.5. ETHERNET SHEILD FOR ARDUINO:

This Ethernet Shield associates Arduino through the web in couple of minutes which is so useful for framework refresh the information for framework. Put this module onto Arduino Board and associate it to the web with a link RJ45 and take after the means to begin controlling the framework through the web which is utilized for information bringing. The stage incorporated into framework Such as its equipment and in addition programming and documentation is additionally unreservedly accessible and open-source likewise accessible.

This will be framework is having taking after parameters;

- Connection with Arduino board on SPI port accessible
- Operating voltage 5V (provided from the Arduino mega 2560 Board)
- Ethernet Controller having W5500 with interior 32K cushion
- Connection speed is up to 10/100Mb

3.6. GSM

In case of incoming of an SMS message, the program reacts depending on the content of the message that could be a configuration message or a geographical position request.

Let focus on the process aimed to retrieve the geographical position that is quite the same in both cases of manual request and P1 pushing (alarm or S.O.S.). After the request has been detected, the program in the PIC microcontroller sends commands to the cellular module in order to have it connected to Internet in GPRS mode.

Then connects to the Google Maps server and sends a request of position based on the identification of the cell the SIMCom module is connected to; then again loop waiting for data on the RX channel of the UART. While got data back with the position (Latitude and Longitude) and accuracy, it is a composed string with the appropriate link to Google Maps and sent to the requesting phone, or to the phone number stored in memory coupled to the alarm function.

If the cellular phone is an Android Smartphone or an i-Phone, the link received in the SMS can open Google Maps directly on the area where the localizer is present. In the other cases the message contains the coordinates and other data.

The GSM module is managed by the microcontroller using the lines: RF1 (pin 8 on connector) through which it detects the incoming calls through the Ring Indicator (RI), RC7/RX1 (pin 14 on the cellular board); these last two are the lines, respectively, of reception and transmission of the UART used for receiving and sending SMS messages. The same two lines are used for managing the SIM908, unless the reset and power supply lines. Power supply is controlled by line RC2 that affects pin 1 of the cellular module in order to turn ON and OFF the SIM908 and to enable the phone after initialization. Lines cited before are common to the GSM and GPS section of SIM908.

Both the boards are powered by the switch SW1 from the 3.6 volt Li-ion battery connected to the + and – poles of the PWR connector.

The power supply comes from a 3.6 volt battery that can be charged by a mini USB plug that allows recharge from any PC. The power regulator is the chip MCP73831T in SMD version (package SOT-23), it can supply up to 550 mA at 3.6 – 3.7 volt to fully charge a lithium or Li-Po battery with an input supply of 3.75 – 6 volt.

The chip charges the battery with a constant current. The charging current (I_{reg}) is set by the value of the resistor connected to pin 2, whose value is calculate as:

$I_{reg} = 1.000/R$, Where the value of R is in ohm and I_{reg} in Ampere.

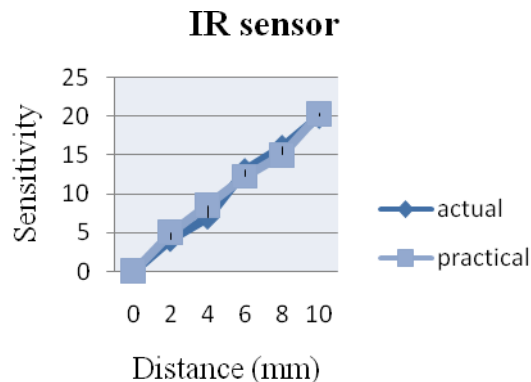
As an example with R of 4.7 kohm the current will be 212 mA, while with an R of 2.2 kohm the current will be 454 mA. While pin 5 is opened the chip goes into sleep mode and soaks only 2 μ A (therefore the pin 5 can be used as enable).

The active contacts of the connectors are:

- The power supply, VCC on pins 17 and 19;
- The power on control line (ON/OFF);
- The serial communication lines to and from the GSM module (TXD and RXD);
- The ground (GND) on pins 18 and 20;
- The Ring Indicator.

IV. RESULTS

The sensitivity of the IR Sensor is tuned using the potentiometer. The potentiometer is tunable in both the directions. Initially tune the potentiometer in clockwise direction such that the Indicator LED starts glowing. Once that is achieved, turn the potentiometer just enough in anti-clockwise direction to turn off the Indicator LED. At this point the sensitivity of the receiver is maximum. Thus, its sensing distance is maximum at this point. If the sensing distance (i.e., Sensitivity) of the receiver is needed to be reduced, then one can tune the potentiometer in the anti-clockwise direction from this point. Below table shows the value of actual and

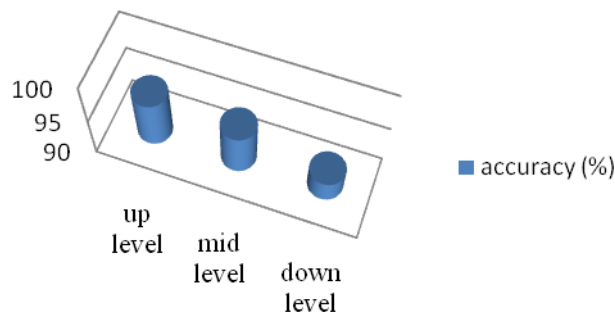


The formula used for sensitivity is given by;

$$\text{Sensitivity} = (\text{true positive}) / [(\text{true positive}) + (\text{false negative})] \dots \dots \dots (5.1)$$

Now, the level sensor is utilized to discover level of fuel in vehicle .We can discover liquid like fluid or fluid fuel. The level of fuel estimation can be in persistent way and refreshing the information on page for fuel level data shows on it. There is some kind of sensors utilized for measuring the qualities for vehicle. This application additionally assumes more critical part in vehicular cloud framework and it gives more effective outcomes in day today life. Subsequently it is more adaptable thing for this specific venture.

accuracy (%) for level sensor



The accuracy measured by,

$$\text{Accuracy (\%)} = (\text{Accepted value} - \text{Observed value}) / (\text{Accepted value}) \times 100 \dots \dots \dots (5.2)$$

Let focus on the process aimed to retrieve the geographical position that is quite the same in both cases of manual request and P1 pushing (alarm or S.O.S.). After the request has been detected, the program in the PIC microcontroller sends commands to the cellular module in order to have it connected to Internet in GPRS mode. Then connects to the Google Maps server and sends a request of position based on the identification of the cell the SIMCom module is connected to; then again loop waiting for data on the RX channel of the UART. While got data back with the position (Latitude and Longitude) and accuracy, it is a composed string with the appropriate link to Google Maps and sent to the requesting phone, to the phone number stored in memory coupled to the alarm function.

V.CONCLUSION



The proposed framework continuously observing of vehicle assumes imperative part and furthermore gives wellbeing to condition and individuals and gives us secure answer for the voyager utilizing sensors. We can likewise discover vehicles current area. Henceforth vehicle information getting is done as right on time as would be prudent. Traveler include gives more solid outcomes vehicle industry. The traveler include and Fuel level present that specific vehicle is likewise shows on site page. Consequently this framework gives security to condition and additionally open. The propose system gives output of fuel level in vehicle and passenger count of vehicle as well as the location information of vehicle obtained using GPS/GSM. Hence output of the data prefetching of vehicle in vehicular cloud system is taken on webpage.

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