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AMMENSALISM WITH MORTAL ENEMY SPECIES-A SERIES SOLUTION

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ABSTRACT

The paper deals to compute a series solution in an Ammensal Model. The Ammensal species has un limited resources with mortal enemy species. The model equations are made by a pair of non linear first order differential equations. Homotopy perturbation method is used for findling series solution.

Keywords: Ammensalism, Homotopy Analysis, Stability, Dominance Reversal Time

I. INTRODUCTION

Homotopy perturbation method is a better tool to derive a series solution for non linear differential equations. Abbasbandy,S [1] did constructive study in the concept of asymptotic techniques .Later Liao[5-8] suggested many ideas and developed Homotopy Perturbation Method (HPM) in 1992. Few other effective and efficient methods were developed by many Mathematicians [2,4].In the past two decades, the HPM concept has been utilized in some applications of Engineering and Sciences[3,9].

II. BASIC IDEA OF HOMOTOPY PERTURBATION METHOD

Step (1): Let us consider nonlinear differential equation:

$$A(u) - f(r) = 0, \quad r \in \Omega$$
 (I)

With the boundary condition

$$B\left(u,\frac{\partial u}{\partial n}\right) = 0, \quad r \in \Gamma$$

Where A is a general differential operator, B a boundary operator, f(r) is a known analytic function, Γ is the boundary of the domain Ω and $\frac{\partial}{\partial r}$ denotes differentiation among the normal drawn outwards from Ω .

Step (2): In general the operator A, is divided into two parts: a linear part L and a nonlinear part N. Therefore above differential equation(I) is expressed in the form of

$$L(u) - N(u) - f(r) = 0$$
 (II)

Step (3):

With the help of Homotopy Perturbation Method (HPM), one can constitute a homotopy $v(r,p): \Omega \times [0,1] \to R$ which satisfies

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 (III)

It is nothing but

$$H(v,p) = L(v) - L(u_0) + pL(u_0) + p[A(v) - f(r)] = 0$$
 (IV)

Where $p \in [0,1]$ is named as an embedding parameter, and u_0 is an initial approximation of equation(1), which satisfies the boundary conditions.

Step (4): Then equations (III), (IV) follow that

$$H(v,0) = L(v) - L(u_0) = 0$$

And
$$H(v,1) = A(v) - f(r) = 0$$

Thus the changing process of P from zero to unity is just that of v(r,p) from $u_0(r)$ to u(r).

Step (5): According to the HPM, we can first use the imbedding parameter p as a 'small parameter' and assume that the solutions of the equations (III) and (IV) can be written as a power series in p:

$$v=v_0+pv_1+p^2v_2+p^3v_3+p^4v_4+-----$$

The approximate solution of equation (I) can be obtained as

$$u = Lt_0 v = v_0 + v_1 + v_2 + v_3 + v_4 + \cdots$$

III. NOTATIONS ADOPTED

 $N_1(t)$: The population rate of the species S_1 at time t

 $N_2(t)$: The population rate of the species S_2 at time t

: The natural growth rate of S_i , i = 1, 2. a_{i}

: The rate of decrease of S_i ; due to its own insufficient resources i=1,2. a_{ii}

:The inhibition coefficient of S_1 due to S_2 i.e The Commensal coefficient.

The state variables N_1 and N_2 as well as the model parameters a_1 , a_2 , a_{11} , a_{22} , $a_$ non-negative constants.

IV. BASIC EQUATIONS

$$\frac{dN_1}{dt} = a_1 N_1 - a_{11} N_1^2 - a_{12} N_1 N_2 \tag{1}$$

$$\frac{dN_2}{dt} = -a_2N_2 \quad \text{With initial conditions N1 (0)} = \mathbf{c}_1 \text{ and N}_2(0) = \mathbf{c}_2$$
 (2)

The following system can be constructed by the concept of homotopy as follows

$$v_1' - N_{10}' + p(N_{10}' - a_1v_1 + a_{11}v_1^2 - a_{12}v_1v_2) = 0$$
(3)

$$v_2' - N_{20}' + p(N_{20}' + a_2 v_2) = 0 (4)$$

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The initial approximations are considered as

$$v_{1,0}(t) = N_{10}(t) = v_1(0) = c_1$$
 (5)

$$v_{2,0}(t) = N_{20}(t) = v_2(0) = c_2$$
 (6)

and
$$v_1(t) = v_{1,0}(t) + pv_{1,1}(t) + p^2v_{1,2}(t) + p^3v_{1,3}(t) + p^4v_{1,4}(t) + p^5v_{1,5}(t) + \cdots$$
 (7)

$$v_2(t) = v_{2,0}(t) + pv_{2,1}(t) + p^2v_{2,2}(t) + p^3v_{2,3}(t) + p^4v_{2,4}(t) + p^5v_{2,5}(t) + \cdots$$
(8)

Where $v_{i,J}(i = 1,2,J = 1,2,3...)$ are to be computed by substituting (5), (6), (7), (8) in (3), (4)

We get

$$\begin{split} v_{1,0}'(t) + pv_{1,1}'(t) + p^2v_{1,2}'(t) + p^3v_{1,3}'(t) + p^4v_{1,4}'(t) + p^5v_{1,5}'(t) + \cdots - N_{10}' + \\ p[N_{10}' - a_1(v_{1,0}(t) + pv_{1,1}(t) + p^2v_{1,2}(t) + p^3v_{1,3}(t) + p^4v_{1,4}(t) + p^5v_{1,5}(t) + \cdots) \\ + a_{11}(v_{1,0}(t) + pv_{1,1}(t) + p^2v_{1,2}(t) + p^3v_{1,3}(t) + p^4v_{1,4}(t) + p^5v_{1,5}(t) + \cdots)(v_{1,0}(t) + pv_{1,1}(t) \\ + p^2v_{1,2}(t) + p^3v_{1,3}(t) + p^4v_{1,4}(t) + p^5v_{1,5}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}(v_{1,0}(t) + pv_{1,1}(t) + p^2v_{1,2}(t) + p^3v_{1,3}(t) \\ (t) + p^4v_{1,4}(t) + p^5v_{1,5}(t) + \cdots)(v_{2,0}(t) + pv_{2,1}(t) + p^2v_{2,2}(t) + p^3v_{2,3}(t) + p^4v_{2,4}(t) + p^5v_{2,5}(t) + \cdots)] = 0 \end{split}$$

From equation (4)

$$\begin{split} &v_{2,0}^{'}(t)+pv_{2,1}^{'}(t)+p^{2}v_{2,2}^{'}(t)+p^{3}v_{2,3}^{'}(t)+p^{4}v_{2,4}^{'}(t)+p^{5}v_{2,5}^{'}(t)+\cdots-N_{20}^{'}\\ &+p[N_{20}^{'}+a_{2}(v_{2,0}(t)+pv_{2,1}(t)+p^{2}v_{2,2}(t)+p^{3}v_{2,3}(t)+p^{4}v_{2,4}(t)+p^{5}v_{2,5}(t)+\cdots\\ &\left(v_{2,0}(t)+pv_{2,1}(t)+p^{2}v_{2,2}(t)+p^{3}v_{2,3}(t)+p^{4}v_{2,4}(t)+p^{5}v_{2,5}(t)+\cdots\right)]=0 \end{split} \tag{10}$$

From (9),

$$\begin{split} 0 + pv_{1,1}'(t) + p^2v_{1,2}'(t) + p^3v_{1,3}'(t) + p^4v_{1,4}'(t) + p^5v_{1,5}'(t) + \cdots - 0 \\ + p[0 - a_1v_{1,0}(t) - a_1pv_{1,1}(t) - a_1p^2v_{1,2}(t) - a_1p^3v_{1,3}(t) - a_1p^4v_{1,4}(t) - a_1p^5v_{1,5}(t) - \cdots \\ + a_{11}v_{1,0}^2(t) + a_{11}pv_{1,0}(t)v_{1,1}(t) + a_{11}p^2v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{11}p^3v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,3}(t) \\ + a_{11}p^4v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,4}(t) + \cdots + a_{11}pv_{1,0}(t)v_{1,1}(t) + a_{11}p^2v_{1,1}^2(t) + a_{11}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,2}(t) \\ + a_{11}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,3}(t) + a_{11}p^5v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,4}(t) + \cdots + a_{11}p^2v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{11}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,2}(t) \\ + a_{11}p^4v_{1,2}^2(t) + a_{11}p^5v_{1,2}(t)v_{1,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{11}p^3v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,3}(t) + a_{11}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,3}(t) \\ + a_{11}p^5v_{1,2}(t)v_{1,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{11}p^4v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,4}(t) + a_{11}p^5v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,4}(t) + \cdots \\ + a_{11}p^5v_{1,0}(t)v_{1,5}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}v_{1,0}(t)v_{2,0}(t) + a_{12}pv_{1,0}(t)v_{2,1}(t) + a_{12}p^2v_{1,0}(t)v_{2,2}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,0}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,0}(t)v_{2,4}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,0}(t) + a_{12}p^2v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12}p^4v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,3}(t) + \cdots + a_{12}p^2v_{2,0}(t)v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12}p^3v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12}p^3v_{1,1}$$

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$$+a_{12}p^{4}v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,2}(t)\dots+a_{12}p^{3}v_{1,3}(t)v_{2,0}(t)+a_{12}p^{4}v_{1,3}(t)v_{2,1}(t)\dots+a_{12}p^{4}v_{1,4}(t)v_{2,0}(t)$$
....] = 0 (11)

From (10),

$$0 + pv_{2,1}'(t) + p^{2}v_{2,2}'(t) + p^{3}v_{2,3}'(t) + p^{4}v_{2,4}'(t) + p^{5}v_{2,5}'(t) + \dots - 0 + p[0 + a_{2}v_{2,0}(t) + a_{2}pv_{2,1}(t) + a_{2}p^{2}v_{2,2}(t) + a_{2}p^{3}v_{2,3}(t) + a_{2}p^{4}v_{2,4}(t) + a_{2}p^{5}v_{2,5}(t)] = 0$$
 (12)

Now comparing the coefficient of various powers of p in (11) & (12), we obtain

The coefficient of P^1 :

$$v_{1,1}^{'}(t) - a_1 v_{1,0}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,0}^2(t) + a_{12} v_{1,0}(t) v_{2,0}(t) = 0$$

 $v_{2,1}^{'}(t) + a_2 v_{2,0}(t) = 0$

The coefficient of P2:

$$\begin{split} v_{1,2}^{'}(t) - a_1 v_{1,1}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,1}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,1}(t) + a_{12} v_{1,0}(t) v_{2,1}(t) \\ + a_{12} v_{1,1}(t) v_{2,0}(t) &= 0 \\ v_{2,2}^{'}(t) + a_2 v_{2,1}(t) &= 0 \end{split}$$

The coefficient of P3:

$$\begin{aligned} v_{1,3}'(t) - a_1 v_{1,2}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,2}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,1}^2(t) + a_{11} v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,2}(t) + a_{12} v_{1,0}(t) v_{2,2}(t) - a_{12} v_{1,1}(t) v_{2,1}(t) + a_{12} v_{2,0}(t) v_{1,2}(t) \\ = 0 \\ v_{2,3}'(t) + a_2 v_{2,2}(t) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{split} v_{1,4}^{'}(t) - a_1 v_{1,3}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,3}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,1}(t) v_{1,2}(t) + a_{11} v_{1,1}(t) v_{1,2}(t) \\ + \ a_{11} v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,3}(t) + a_{12} v_{1,0}(t) v_{2,3}(t) + a_{12} v_{1,1}(t) v_{2,2}(t) + a_{12} v_{2,1}(t) v_{1,2}(t) \\ + \ a_{12} v_{2,0}(t) v_{1,3}(t) &= 0 \\ v_{2,4}^{'}(t) + a_{2} v_{2,3}(t) &= 0 \end{split}$$

Now
$$v_1(0) = c_1 v_2(0) = c_2$$

$$\begin{split} v_{1,1}(t) &= a_1 \int\limits_0^t v_{1,0}(t) dt - a_{11} \int\limits_0^t v_{1,0}^2(t) dt - a_{12} \int\limits_0^t v_{1,0}(t) v_{2,0}(t) dt \\ &= c_1 a_1 t - a_{11} c_1^2 t + a_{12} c_1 c_2 t \end{split}$$

$$\therefore v_{1,1}(t) = (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1t$$

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$$v_{2,1}(t) = -a_2 \int_0^t v_{2,0}(t)dt = -a_2c_2t$$

$$\therefore v_{2,1}(t) = -a_2c_2t$$

$$v_{1,2}(t) = a_1 \int\limits_0^t v_{1,1}(t) dt - 2a_{11} \int\limits_0^t v_{1,0}(t) v_{1,1}(t) dt - a_{12} \int\limits_0^t v_{1,0}(t) v_{2,1}(t) dt$$

$$-a_{12}\int_{0}^{t}v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,0}(t)dt$$

$$=a_{1}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}\frac{t^{2}}{2}-2a_{11}c_{1}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}\frac{t^{2}}{2}$$

$$+c_{1}a_{2}c_{2}\frac{t^{2}}{2}-a_{12}c_{2}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}\frac{t^{2}}{2}$$

$$\therefore v_{1,2}(t) = \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 + a_2a_{12}c_1c_2 \right] \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$v_{2,2}(t) = -a_2 \int_0^t v_{2,1}(t)dt$$

$$= [a_2^2 c_2] \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$\therefore v_{2,2}(t) = [a_2^2 c_2] \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$v_{1,3}(t) = a_1 \int\limits_0^t v_{1,2}(t) dt - 2a_{11}c_1 \int\limits_0^t v_{1,2}(t) dt - a_{11} \int\limits_0^t v_{1,1}^2(t) dt - a_{12}c_1 \int\limits_0^t v_{2,2}(t) dt$$

$$-a_{12}c_{2}\int\limits_{0}^{t}v_{1,2}(t)dt-a_{12}\int\limits_{0}^{t}v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,1}(t)dt$$

$$=(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)\{(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1$$

$$-a_{12}c_{1}c_{2}(a_{2}-a_{22}c_{2})\}\frac{t^{3}}{6}-a_{11}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}^{2}\frac{t^{3}}{3}$$

$$-a_{12}c_{1}(a_{2}^{2}c_{2}^{2})\frac{t^{3}}{6}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}\frac{t^{3}}{3}$$

$$\therefore v_{1,3}(t) = [(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)\{(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 + (a_1 - a_{12}c_1)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 + (a_1 - a_{12}c_1)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 + (a_1 - a_{12}c_1)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 + (a_1 - a_{12}c_1)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 + (a_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1$$

$$+a_{12}a_2c_1c_2 \ \} + (a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1\{2a_{12}c_2(-a_2)-2a_{11}(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1\}$$

$$-a_{12}c_1c_2\{(-a_2)(-a_2)\}]\frac{t^3}{6}$$

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$$v_{2,3}(t) = -a_2 \int_0^t v_{2,2}(t) dt$$

$$=a_2{}^3c_2\frac{t^3}{6}$$

$$\therefore v_{2,3}(t) = a_2^3 c_2 \frac{t^3}{6}$$

$$v_{1,4}(t) = (a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)\int\limits_0^t v_{1,3}(t)dt - 2a_{11}\int\limits_0^t v_{1,1}(t)v_{1,2}(t)dt - a_{12}\int\limits_0^t v_{1,1}(t)v_{2,2}(t)dt$$

$$-a_{12}\int_0^t v_{1,2}(t)v_{2,1}(t)dt - a_{12}c_1\int_0^t v_{2,3}(t)dt$$

$$= \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) \right\} (a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - c_2) \left\{ (a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right\} + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) c_1 \right] + \left[(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1 - a_{12}c_2) (a_1$$

$$+a_{12}c_1c_2a_2\}+(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1\{2a_{12}c_2(-a_2)$$

)[
$$(-a_2)c_2(-a_2)$$
] $\frac{t^4}{24}$

$$-a_{12}c_{1}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})[a_{2}{}^{3}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}-a_{12}a_{2}c_{2}[(a_{1}-2a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})c_{1}]\frac{t^{4}}{8}$$

$$\begin{split} & : v_{1,4}(t) = [(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1 - a_2a_{12}c_1c_2_2 \\ & [(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)^2 - c_16a_{11}\left(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2\right)] + \left(a_1 - 2a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2\right) \\ & \{2(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_1)c_1[a_{12}c_2a_2 - a_{11}(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1] - a_{12}c_1c_2a_2^2\} + [a_2^2c_2] \\ & [a_{12}c_1 - 3a_{12}c_1(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)] - a_2c_2\{[(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1[3a_{12}(2a_{11}c_1 - a_1 - a_{12}c_2)] - a_2c_23a_{12}^2c_1\}\frac{t^4}{24} \end{split}$$

$$v_{2,4}(t) = -a_2 \int_0^t v_{2,3}(t) dt$$

$$=a_2^4c_2\frac{t^4}{24}$$

$$\therefore v_{2,4}(t) = a_2^4 c_2 \frac{t^4}{24}$$

Up to the terms which contain maximum the power of four, we obtain

$$N_1(t) = \lim_{p \to 1} v_1(t) = \sum_{x=0}^4 v_{1,x}(t) = v_{1,0}(t) + v_{1,1}(t) + v_{1,2}(t) + v_{1,3}(t) + v_{1,4}(t)$$

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$$N_1(t) = \lim_{p \to 1} v_2(t) = \sum_{x=0}^4 v_{2,x}(t) = v_{2,0}(t) + v_{2,1}(t) + v_{2,2}(t) + v_{2,3}(t) + v_{2,4}(t)$$

The solutions by Homotopy Perturbation Method are derived as

$$N_1(t) = c_1 + [(a_1 - a_{11}c_1 - a_{12}c_2)c_1]t$$

$$+[(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1+a_2a_{12}c_1c_2]\frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$+\{(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)[(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1+a_2a_{12}c_1c_2]$$

$$+(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1[-2a_2a_{12}c_2-2a_{11}(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1]$$

$$+a_2a_{12}c_1c_2$$
][$(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)^2-6a_{11}c_1(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)$]

$$-a_{12}c_{1}c_{2}a_{2}^{2}\}+a_{2}^{2}[a_{12}c_{1}a_{2}-3a_{12}c_{1}(a_{1}-a_{11}c_{1}-a_{12}c_{2})]$$

$$-a_2c_2\{(a_1-a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)c_1[3(a_1-2a_{11}c_1-a_{12}c_2)a_{12}]-3a_{12}^2c_1a_2c_2\}\frac{t^4}{24}$$

$$\therefore \ N_2(t) = c_2 - \alpha_2 t + \alpha_2^2 c_2 \frac{t^2}{2} + \alpha_2^3 c_2 \frac{t^3}{6} + \alpha_2^3 \ c_2 \frac{t^4}{24}$$

V. CONCLUSIONS

A mathematical model of Ecological Model of Ammensalism with mortal Enemy species is constituted by a couple of first order nonlinear differential equations. A series solution of this Ammensalism is computed by Homotopy Perturbation Method.

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