# PROVIDING SECURITY TO THE SENSITIVE DATA BY USING THE MULTI DIRECTIONAL FUZZY TECHNIQUE

B Bhagya Lakshmi <sup>1</sup>, A Ramaswamy Reddy <sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> M.Tech (IT) Scholar, <sup>2</sup> Assistant Professor Nalanda Institute of Engg & Tech. (NIET), Siddharth Nagar, Guntur, A.P, (India)

#### **ABSTRACT**

By the explosion into the quantity of semi organized data's user can get the access and can also store in private information the administration base system, here the serious require for the great searching device to take back the frequently extremely heterogeneous data's in the straightforward and a well-organized way. Tools that are the already available usually allow a several IR-styles the positioning onto a text based branch of inquiry, but this only will reflect on the structure (for example, a date, and a type of a file) as the filter circumstances. Here offering the multi type of the dimensional that is the novel searching based scheme which supports the user to act upon fuzzy searching for structure and for a Meta data circumstances and also to the keyword circumstances. The given intended module separately gain all dimension and put together the three dimension gains in a important incorporated score. We are also designing indicators and the steps of working to proficiently recognize the mainly related files that go with multi dimensional inquiries. We execute a careful investigational estimation of our scheme and illustrate that our recreation and score structure for the query of fuzzy circumstances in the non satisfied dimension can considerably get better ranking. Here are also displaying the asked query working approach complete and level fine, generating the provide fuzzy searching for daily usage.

#### I. EXISTING SYSTEM

The quantity of the data's kept into the private information administration classification is very speedily increasing, the next with escalation in capability and sinking charges of the storage space. The talked about bang of the data is motivating a serious need for potent searching tool for accessing frequently extremely heterogeneous data's in a straightforward and proficient style. These types of tool should offer both high class scoring techniques and well-organized inquiry working with abilities. Various searching tool have been offered for performing the keyword based searching and trace the private information kept into file schemes, for the example business tool the Searching tool for the desktop by Google and a Spotlight. Though, this type of the tools are typically then allow several variety of *ranking* for the text based branch of the inquiry related to what has done already into the IR community but still focus on to the structure (directories of the files) and the meta's data's base circumstances. Tentative collection of the people has warped the concentration on searching in excess of the private Information's and the Data's space, that contains the heterogeneous. File scheme searching the implementation, this labors may contemplate onto the wholly in an IR base fashion keyword inquiry and

# International Journal of Advance Research In Science And Engineering IJARSE, Vol. No.4, Issue No.01, December 2014

http://www.ijarse.com ISSN-2319-8354(E)

then uses some different techniques information just for guiding keyword related base searching. And just only the Keyword working searching is the frequently deficient, as demonstrated by next example:

Suppose a user keeping the private information in file's system of the private working devices. As an extra to the genuine file information's, location related information (for the example, say the structure of directory) and the compulsory great quantity of the metadata content (such as, accessing time, and the type of the file) are also kept by file's system. In this situation, the user of the technique might need to raise the inquiry:

```
[filetype = *.doc AND
createdDate = 03/21/2007 AND
content = "proposal draft" AND
structure = /docs/Wayfinder/proposals]
```

Existing tool would respond the asked inquiry by giving all the files of the form \*.doc generated on 03/21/2007 into /docs/Wayfinder/proposals (sorting out circumstances) that have contains the related to the "proposal draft" (expression to keep rank), gives rank on the basis of how much close to the objects equivalent "proposal draft" with the help of several fundamental text base techniques. The reason is all the information that is other than the data's are used just as the filter circumstances, files that is very considerable in the context of inquiry, but that do not suit these accurate circumstances would be unnoticed. Such as, a \*.tex documents generated on 03/19/2007 and the files into the related directory /archive/proposals/Wayfinder containing the terms "proposal draft" cannot be revisited.

### II. DISADVANTAGES

- 1) Available system concentrates only onto the type of the file and the directory of the file for the prepose of the filtering situation.
- 2) For generating an outcome given module is just utilizing several text score modules.

## III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

We discuss that permitting easy to use circumstances onto the arrangements and the metadata's can considerably enhance the excellence and efficacy of the searching outcomes in various the searching situation. For the example, in above given the Example 1, the user of content might not consider the accurate formation date of file's of concern but don't forget that it was generated somewhere in the 03/21/2007. Suppose, the users can mainly get concerned into the files of the \*.doc types but might still suppose to think significant files of dissimilar but linked type (such as, \*.txf). Lastly, user can not recall the used directory path inside that the file place. Kind of situation, with this help of date, the size, and a structure base circumstances not as filtering circumstances but as branch of ranking circumstances of the inquiry, we make sure that most excellent answers are revisited as a part of searching outcome. The work is to score the answer with setting in the accounts ease of give in the text based component jointly with ease of give in structural and the metadata's mechanisms related to the inquiry. For the single time the fine scoring will be then will be noticed, the capable step of the executing for the understanding the finest the inquiry outcomes, with no any second idea in the system in each the data's inside technique, that will be the wanted too. In the offered document, we offer a scheme that is novel which permits user to proficiently work on fuzzy searching in between three dissimilar the dimensions: content, the Meta's data, and a fine base structure. Here illustrating personage *IDF* base scoring techniques for every

# International Journal of Advance Research In Science And Engineering IJARSE, Vol. No.4, Issue No.01, December 2014

http://www.ijarse.com ISSN-2319-8354(E)

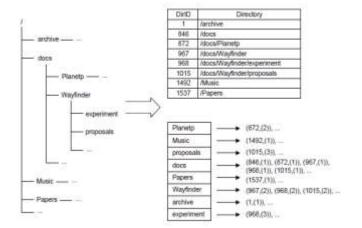
dimension and offer the integrated scoring structure for the multi dimensional inquiries onto the private contents file's system. On the same time we offer a completely fresh data's structures and the directory constructions optimizations for making the finding and the scoring fuzzy match well planned. But just offered effort will get enlarged in range of data's space based application and inquiries, we concentrate on the file searching situations in the offered the permit. Those can be the full in the type of the graininess of complete searching outcomes to be an only one file into the private content system. For sure, our scheme could be extending further to an extra flexible inquiry mechanism where part of the data's inside the file (for example personage segment or XML sub tree) can be given back as the coming outcomes. Planned precise offerings include:

- We planned an *IDF* related scoring methodology for the contents, the Meta's data, and a structure, and also support for the merging the each separate dimensions scores in integrated multi dimension based score.
- We settle in available top-k inquiry working algorithms and offer the optimization to get better accessing for structure base dimensions. Given optimizations grab into the report keeping top k estimate approach to concentrate on generating just the branches of index which is mainly significant to the inquiry processing.
- Here estimating the scoring tentative and display that this scheme has the prospective to considerably advance searching correctness onto the present filtering schemes.
- We demonstrate consequence of the given optimization on inquiry working period and display that the given optimization considerably pick up inquiry efficiency and consequence in fine scalability.

It has been already considered in equally Database and the IR society on combining methodology from two fields for merging just the information searching with organization on the basis inquiry outcomes. Given procedures present the step in the way as they combine IR technique information scores with the DB technique arrangement estimation scores. So far given work assembles upon and considerably enlarges the given work on the scoring multi dimensional choose contents. Top k inquiry dealing out lists and steps of working are all different assistances so are investigational outcomes. Every file inside the similar index will consequently have the similar arrangement base. For calculating the arrangement base of the files f in a index d so as to equivalent the (accurate or undisturbed) arrangement circumstance P of the exact inquiry, we first and foremost will have recognize each register the way of the path jointly with the d, consequently to can with the P. We will apply arrangement circumstance to submit to the unique circumstance of an exacting inquiry and inquiry pathway to pass on to a probably peaceful shape of the unique incident. Here then shape add up of the file attached in the entire index corresponding P to calculate the arrangement score of the file for inquiry using few Equations. The calculation way is easy and basic; the difficulty being kept in the registry matching way. Item inversions confuse resultant inquiry path way with the register type, because each possible differences have to get intended. The exacting process and their collection require to be produced.

#### IV. ADVANTAGES

- 1) A prototype mechanism that is completely embedded in java is used for all the researches.
- 2) The quality of the search outcomes can definitely be increased by applying the flexible type of conditions to the meta data's and the structures.



## V. RELATED WORK

Numerous works have concentrated on user's viewpoint of the private content administration. This type of works permits users for arranging private data's semantically by generating relations between the archives or the contents entity and finally leveraging this association to improve searching. Other kind of works addresses content administration with the help of offering standard data's model for the heterogeneous and by evolving content. This type of work are intended in allowing user with the standard and the easy to use data's model to access and to store the contents ahead of what is maintained in the conventional file mechanism. In the place of, we concentrate on inquiring contents that is previously available into the file technology. An appealing potential way would be containing entity relations in the given searching and the score framework. Another file technology based project have attempted for improving the excellence of the searching within the file scheme by leveraging situation in which content is retrieved to locate associated content or by changing the replica of the file's scheme to a extra object based database scheme. These vary from the given in that they try to leverage supplementary semantic contents to situate appropriate file while our concentration is in influential the mainly appropriate section of content that is based exclusively on the user given inquiry. Freshly there has poured in project trying for enhancing the desktop searching. These types of the project offer searching abilities above information and apply other inquiry dimension, for example the size, the date, or the types, as the filtering circumstances. Investigation has revealed that the users of the desktop are inclined to choose the location related searching to a keyword related searching, that monitors that the user depends onto contents such as the directory, the dates, and the names on the time of search the file. One other reading examines consumer actions on the time of search the email, the file, and webs. Even the user know accurately what the user really wanted, they regularly find the way to their objective in little ways, with the help of the appropriate contents for example the metadata's contents, in the place of keyword related searching. These learning inspire necessitate for the individual contents administration scheme searching tools that utilize metadata's and the arrangement contents. Proposal for estimation of the XML recovery (INEX) endorse novel scoring technique and recovery methods for the XML data's. INEX offer a group of credentials as a check bed for a variety of scoring scheme in the matching spirit as a TREC was considered for keyword inquiries. While a lot of system has been offered in the INEX, they concentrate on the information rescue and usually apply XML arrangement as a filtering circumstance. For the outcomes, INEX data's set and inquiries would require to be increased to explanation for configuration heterogeneity. Consequently, they can never be used to authenticate the scoring technique. As a

# International Journal of Advance Research In Science And Engineering IJARSE, Vol. No.4, Issue No.01, December 2014

http://www.ijarse.com ISSN-2319-8354(E)

branch of the INEX attempt, XIRQL offer an information basis XML accessing inquiry language on the basis of a estimation techniques. Though XIRQL permits for several structural vagueness, this only concentrate on edge generalization, on the same time some generalizations of the XML components. Likewise, JuruXML offers the straightforward estimated arrangement similar by permitting user to indicate the ways terminologies along with inquiry keyword and transforms the vector space scoring by integrating a correspondence assess based on dissimilarity in the extent, known to as extent normalizations. XML based structural inquiry reductions have been talk about. The effort uses thoughts from these earlier works, for example the DAG indexing arrangement to characterize every potential structural reduction, and the relaxed inquiry containment circumstance. We launch node inversion, a significant novel arrangement reduction for private contents organizations. This in twist led to the beginning of the node collection, and necessitated steps of working for the similar node collections. We also considered the DAG and the Random DAG for optimizing inquiry dealing out. Lastly, we incorporate the Meta data as an supplementary dimension that user can utilize to develop searching correctness. TopX is one more linked attempt in XML recovery. Though TopX judge both arrangement and information, it is dissimilar from the given effort in so many different ways. Specially, we believe outside arrangement (path name of the directory) Though TopX believe inside arrangement (such as, XML). Besides that, we utilize inquiry reduction to discover and scoring estimated equivalent, whereas TopX transitively get bigger all the arrangement based dependencies and considers the number of circumstance coordinated by a file for scoring arrangement. We projected to make bigger the work given for counting the inside arrangement in upcoming days but the given scheme will still be depend on the inquiry reduction. Numerous efforts such have considered well-organized ways matching methodology for the XML document. Path inquiries are festering into uncomplicated secondary expression and the outcomes of estimating this secondary expression are joined or combined for acquiring the ultimate outcomes. The Path Stack is generated for tracking incomplete and entire reply to an inquiry way by iterating from side to side of the document node in same arrangement order. The given Depth Match steps of working count the node permutation that is not simply maintained by the Path Stack.

#### VI. CONCLUSION

We offered a scoring structure for the multi dimensional inquiries in excess of private content administration methods. In particular, we defined arrangement and metadata's relaxation and offered *IDF* related scoring schemes for the information, metadata's, and arrangement inquiry circumstances. This consistency of the scoring permits personage dimensions scores to be simply combined. We have also considered indexing arrangements and energetic directory production and inquiry dispensation optimizations to sustain well-organized estimation of the multi dimensional inquiries. We employed and estimated the given scoring structure and inquiry dispensation methodology. Our estimation illustrate that given multi dimensional aggregation procedure conserve the assets of personage dimension based score and has the prospective to considerably get better position correctness. We also illustrate that the given index and the optimization are essential to create multi dimensional searching well-organized sufficient for the realistic daily usage. Our offered optimized inquiry dispensation approach demonstrate fine performance crossways every dimensions, ensuing in excellent in general inquiry presentation and scalability.

#### REFERENCES

- [1] S. Agrawal, S. Chaudhuri, G. Das, and A. Gionis. Automated ranking of database query results. In *Proc. of the First Biennial Conference on Innovative Data Systems Research (CIDR'03)*, 2003.
- [2] S. Amer-Yahia, P. Case, T. R"olleke, J. Shanmugasundaram, and G. Weikum. Report on the DB/IR panel at SIGMOD 2005. SIGMOD Record, 34(4), 2005.
- [3] S. Amer-Yahia, S. Cho, and D. Srivastava. Tree Pattern Relaxation. In *Proc. of the Intl. Conference on Extending Database Technology (EDBT)*, 2002.
- [4] S. Amer-Yahia, N. Koudas, A. Marian, D. Srivastava, and D. Toman. Structure and Content Scoring for XML. In *Proc. of the Intl. Conference on Very Large Databases (VLDB)*, 2005.
- [5] S. Amer-Yahia, L. V. S. Lakshmanan, and S. Pandit. FlexPath: Flexible Structure and Full-Text Querying for XML. In *Proc. of the ACM Intl. Conference on Management of Data (SIGMOD)*, 2004.
- [6] Lucene. http://lucene.apache.org/.

#### **AUTHOR PROFILE**



**B Bhagya Lakshmi** is currently pursuing M.Tech in the Department of Information Technology, from Nalanda Institute of Engineering & Technology (NIET), siddharth Nagar, Kantepudi(V), Sattenapalli (M), Guntur (D), Andhra Pradesh, Affiliated to JNTU-KAKINADA.



A Ramaswamy Reddy working as Assistant Professor at Nalanda Institute of Engineering & Technology (NIET), siddharth Nagar, Kantepudi(V), Sattenapalli (M), Guntur (D), Andhra Pradesh , Affiliated to JNTU-KAKINADA.